Skagit County Monitoring Program

Annual Report - 2014 Water Year (October 2013 – September 2014)



Samish River



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March 2016 Acknowledgements

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This report is available online at www.skagitcounty.net/SCMP

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Skagit County Water Quality Monitoring Program – 2014 Water Year Annual Report

Executive Summary

Skagit County has completed the tenth year of water quality monitoring under the Skagit County Water Quality Monitoring Program. This program was established to help determine if the Skagit County Critical Areas Ordinance for Ongoing Agriculture (SCC 14.24.120) was sufficient to protect water quality in areas of ongoing agriculture. Forty monitoring stations were established in agricultural areas as well as reference locations outside of the agricultural zones. Monitoring began in October 2003 and is continuing. Reports are published after each water year (October 1- September 30). This report is the tenth annual report, for the 2014 water year.

Data collected during this project indicates that many Skagit County streams, within and outside of the agricultural areas, do not meet state water quality standards for fecal coliform, temperature, and/or dissolved oxygen. None of the 40 sites has met all water quality standards for the entire project, although some sites meet the standards most of the time. The standards are developed to protect salmonid populations, recreation, and downstream shellfish resources, so streams not meeting the standards represent less-than-ideal conditions for those uses. Conditions in Skagit County streams range from watercourses with occasional failures to a pattern of continual inability to meet the standards. Most of the substandard water quality occurs in tributaries to the Skagit River and in the Samish Basin, while the Skagit River itself meets most standards on most occasions. Further investigation will be necessary to determine the causes of poor water quality in each case. Some cases may represent natural conditions rather than human-caused problems.

A major focus of the program is the determination of trends in water quality both within and outside of the agricultural zones. Based on court decisions that the Growth Management Act requires protection of critical areas, but not restoration, the county uses trends monitoring as a method to determine whether water quality conditions are deteriorating in the county. Trends analysis for the first eight years of the program reveals a mixed pattern of beneficial and deleterious trends in approximately equal proportions both inside and outside of the agricultural areas. It is apparent from this mixed pattern that water quality problems in Skagit County need to be addressed by individual watershed.

Skagit County data has also proved useful to Ecology in their water cleanup (Total Maximum Daily load or TMDL) efforts, especially the Samish Bay Watershed Fecal Coliform TMDL. Skagit County, in cooperation with many local and state partners through the Clean Samish Initiative, is comprehensively addressing pollution in the Samish Bay Watershed. County data, supplemented by volunteer data, has shown severe fecal coliform contamination in many areas of the watershed. The County has received EPA funding to address Samish Bay Watershed pollution issues and is working in partnership with the Washington State Department of Ecology, the Skagit Conservation District, local tribes, and other partners in locating properties with possible pollution sources and seeking cooperative solutions to those problems.

The Washington State Department of Ecology used Skagit County data from the South Fork Skagit River to determine that additional monitoring for the County's NPDES Phase II Stormwater Permit was not necessary. In most cases, water bodies with TMDLs require additional monitoring in association with the stormwater permits, but County data showed that the South Fork Skagit had improved substantially since the TMDL went into effect, and that additional stormwater monitoring was not necessary at the time of permit issuance.

County staff participate in local and regional technical groups and in training of volunteer monitoring groups. Staff also give numerous presentations throughout the year to interested organizations.

The program was supported through 2008 by a Centennial Clean Water grant from the Department of Ecology. Grant match and all current funding is provided by Skagit County's Clean Water Program. All monitoring is governed by an Ecology-approved Quality Assurance Project Plan. Skagit County data is submitted to the state Environmental Information Management database.

The Skagit County Water Quality Monitoring Program has collected eleven years of high-quality data. Questions on the program can be addressed to Rick Haley at <u>rickh@co.skagit.wa.us</u> or 360-416-1400.

Skagit County Monitoring Program Annual Report

2014 Water Year (October 2013-September 2014)

Introduction

The Skagit County Monitoring Program started in October 2003, as part of Skagit County's program to assess the effectiveness of Skagit County Code Chapter 14.24.120, Critical Areas Ordinance for Areas of Ongoing Agriculture. The revised ordinance (Skagit County Ordinance O20030020) was passed by the Skagit County Board of Commissioners in June 2003 in response to a Compliance Order from the Western Washington Growth Management Hearings Board.

The ordinance requires farmers to "do no harm" to adjacent watercourses, and relies on specific Watercourse Protection Measures and more generalized Best Management Practices to protect the watercourses instead of requiring buffers on the streams. The associated Skagit County Resolution R20030210 committed the County to conduct water quality monitoring in the agricultural areas as one method of assessing if the County's ordinance was sufficient to protect the aquatic resources in agricultural areas. The resolution was subsequently amended in June 2004 as Resolution R20040211 in response to additional Compliance Orders from the Western Washington Growth Management Hearings Board. This second resolution provided details about the water quality monitoring program in addition to other topics not associated with water quality. Included in R20040211 is the requirement for annual reporting on the water quality monitoring program. This document is intended to satisfy that requirement for the 2014 Water Year.

R20040211 also required the County to conduct a triennial review of the Critical Areas Ordinance for Areas of Ongoing Agriculture, including the water quality monitoring program, to seek public comment on the regulations and monitoring program, and to make changes if necessary. However, the State of Washington passed SSB 5248 in 2007, which placed a "time out" on changes to critical areas regulations impacting agriculture until 2010 while the statewide issues regarding agricultural regulation are studied. The legislature subsequently passed additional legislation to extend the "time out" to 2011. In 2011, Washington State Legislature adopted the recommendations from one research group studying the critical areas regulations and created the Voluntary Stewardship Program (VSP). Skagit County decided to enroll in the program in 2012. Any county that enrolled agreed to maintain existing critical areas protections and ensure streams are protected using voluntary measures.

In 2007, the Skagit County Commissioners passed Resolution R20070499. This resolution reiterated the need to conduct the triennial review despite the County's inability to make changes to the Ongoing Agriculture portion of the Critical Areas Ordinance because of SSB 5248. Another portion of the resolution required Skagit County Public Works to seek an outside review of the water quality monitoring program by a "credentialed academic." Skagit County contracted with the Washington State Water Research Center to conduct the review and produce a report in the spring of 2008. This report covered data collection, analysis, next steps to be taken, and responses to comments generated by the triennial review.

Sampling Locations

Figure 1 is a map with the sampling sites in the Skagit County Monitoring Program marked. Tables 1 and 2 list the sampling sites and site descriptions for the Skagit County Monitoring Program. Forty sites are currently included in the Program. These sites are located primarily in the agricultural zones (Agriculture-Natural Resource and Rural Resource). Other sites are located to provide context to, and comparisons with, the sites in the agricultural zones. These include sites located just upstream or downstream of agricultural areas or in streams draining suburban watersheds.

The monitoring program was designed to determine current conditions and long-term trends in water quality at the sampling locations. While it was not specifically designed to determine compliance of the watercourses with state water quality standards, the data is suitable for such determinations.

A secondary purpose for some of the sites included in the monitoring program is to provide data to the Washington State Department of Ecology in support of their TMDL or Water Cleanup programs in Skagit County. The sites that provide TMDL data are also in the agricultural zones and are integral to the determination of trends and conditions in those areas. Active Water Cleanup plans in Skagit County include the Lower Skagit Tributaries Temperature TMDL, the Samish Bay Watershed Fecal Coliform TMDL, and the Lower Skagit River Fecal Coliform TMDL. Improvements made as a result of the latter program indicate that the Lower Skagit River is a candidate for removal from Ecology's Impaired Waters list.

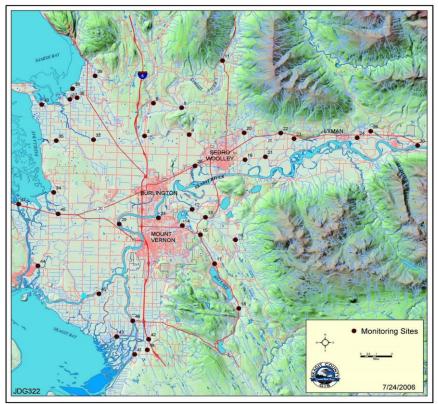


Figure 1. Sample Sites in the Skagit County Monitoring Program

Site Number	Watercourse	Location	Latitude	Longitude	Site Type
3	Thomas Creek	Old Hwy 99 N	48.526	-122.339	<u>1 ypc</u> 3
4	Thomas Creek	F&S Grade Rd	48.528	-122.276	2
6	Friday Creek	Prairie Rd	48.559	-122.327	4
8	Swede Creek	Grip Rd	48.555	-122.287	3
11	Samish River	State Route 9	48.602	-122.231	1
12	Nookachamps Creek	Swan Rd	48.454	-122.270	3,6
13	E.F. Nookachamps Creek	State Route 9	48.446	-122.251	3,6
14	College Way Creek	College Way	48.436	-122.286	4
15	Nookachamps Creek	Knapp Rd	48.429	-122.258	2,6
16	E.F. Nookachamps Creek	Beaver Lake Rd	48.424	-122.208	1,6
17	Nookachamps Creek	Big Lake Outlet	48.400	-122.237	1,6
18	Lake Creek	State Route 9	48.356	-122.202	1,6
19	Hansen Creek	Hoehn Rd	48.504	-122.197	3,6
20	Hansen Creek	Northern State	48.531	-122.199	1,6
21	Coal Creek	Hoehn Rd	48.507	-122.169	3
22	Coal Creek	Hwy 20	48.531	-122.149	1
23	Wiseman Creek	Minkler Rd	48.526	-122.130	2
24	Mannser Creek	Lyman Hamilton Hwy	48.528	-122.041	2
25	Red Cabin Creek	Hamilton Cemetery Rd	48.534	-122.023	1
28	Brickyard Creek	Hwy 20	48.497	-122.268	4
29	Skagit River	River Bend Rd	48.439	-122.372	5,6
30	Skagit River	Cape Horn Rd	48.521	-121.960	5
31	Drainage Dist 20 floodgate	Francis Rd	48.445	-122.317	3
32	Samish River	Thomas Rd	48.521	-122.410	3
33	Alice Bay Pump Station	Samish Island Rd	48.555	-122.483	3
34	No Name Slough	Bayview-Edison Rd	48.468	-122.464	3
35	Joe Leary Slough	D'Arcy Rd	48.520	-122.462	3
36	Edison Slough at school	W. Bow Hill Rd	48.562	-122.435	3
37	Edison Pump Station	Farm to Market Rd	48.561	-122.444	3
38	North Edison Pump Station	North Edison Rd	48.572	-122.441	3
39	Colony Creek	Colony Rd	48.581	-122.401	2
40	Big Indian Slough	Bayview-Edison Rd	48.447	-122.457	3
41	Maddox Slough/Big Ditch	Milltown Rd	48.309	-122.346	3
42	Hill Ditch	Cedardale Rd	48.324	-122.327	3
43	Wiley Slough	Wylie Rd	48.326	-122.372	3
44	Rexville Pump Station	Summer's Drive	48.366	-122.419	3
	Sullivan Slough ²	La Conner-Whitney Rd	48.395	-122.485	3
45	Skagit River – North Fork	Moore Rd	48.364	-122.416	5,6
46	Skagit River – South Fork	Fir Island Rd	48.342	-122.349	5,6
47	Swinomish Channel	County Boat Launch	48.455	-122.512	7
48	Fisher Creek	Franklin Rd	48.320	-122.328	3,6

Refer to Tables 1 and 2 for site locations and descriptions. Table 1. Sample Sites for Skagit County Monitoring Program

Site Type Number	Description	Number of Sites ¹
1	Ag-upstream: Located to determine status/trends at upstream end of agricultural areas.	6
2	Ag-midstream: Located to determine status/trends in the middle of agricultural areas.	6
3	Ag-downstream: Located to determine status/trends at downstream end of a watercourse in agricultural areas.	20
4	Reference: Located to determine status/trends in a non- agricultural area, such as urban/suburban or rural reserve, for comparison with agricultural area results.	3
5	Skagit River: Located to determine status/trends in the mainstem Skagit River or the forks. The Skagit may show effects from a wide variety of sources.	4
6	TMDL: Located to provide information for the Department of Ecology's TMDL efforts.	12
7	Swinomish Channel: Located to provide a water quality baseline for Swinomish Channel	1

 Table 2. Sample Site Type Descriptions for Skagit County Monitoring Program

¹Some sites have more than one type designation

Nineteen of the 40 sites (sites 3-25) are continued from the Skagit County Baseline Monitoring Project (Skagit County 2004a). The Baseline Project used nearly identical methods to monitor water quality at 27 sites. Five additional sites were part of the Samish Bay Watershed Water Quality Monitoring Program (Skagit County 2003). The data from the Baseline and Samish Projects will be used to help interpret trends in water quality for sites continued in the Skagit County Monitoring Program. Not all of the Baseline sites could be continued into the current program due to limited resources and the need to expand the current program into the Skagit Delta, where there were no Baseline sites. In particular, several intermediate sites on the Samish River were discontinued, leaving one upstream and one downstream site on the Samish.

A proposal was submitted in February 2003 to the Department of Ecology for consideration in their FY 2004 Centennial Clean Water Grants program. The proposal was accepted and a grant of nearly \$500,000 was awarded to support five years of the monitoring program, FY 2004 through FY 2008.

Results from the first nine years of this program have been reported previously (Skagit County 2004c, Skagit County 2006, Skagit County 2007, Skagit County 2008, Skagit County 2009, Skagit County 2010, Skagit County 2011, Skagit County 2012, Skagit County 2013). This report contains data and analysis from water years 2004 – 2014.

Methods

Standard water quality monitoring methods are used in the Skagit County Monitoring Program. The methods are derived from several sources, including the Department of Ecology and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. A brief description of monitoring procedures follows, and detailed monitoring procedures can be found in the Quality Assurance Project Plan developed for the program (Skagit County 2004b).

Each site in the monitoring program is visited every two weeks. At each visit, dissolved oxygen, temperature, pH, turbidity, conductivity, and salinity are measured and samples are obtained for fecal coliform determinations. Additional water samples are obtained for quantifying plant nutrients (total nitrogen, ammonia, nitrate, nitrite, total phosphorus and orthophosphate) and total suspended solids on a quarterly basis. Stream discharge was measured at selected sites as time and staffing permitted through 2008.

The sample routes are designed so that each station is visited at approximately the same time of day on each visit, to minimize the effects of diurnal variation in water quality parameters on overall data variability.

Data collected is entered into a custom database, and then is checked for accuracy against the original data sheets. Output from the database is exported into Excel[®] spreadsheets for data summary and analysis. These spreadsheets are also published on the County's web site: <u>http://www.skagitcounty.net/SCMP</u>

Activity Summary

Weekly Sampling

Weekly sampling on a regular schedule is often referred to as "ambient sampling" to distinguish it from storm sampling that occurs in response to rain events. All weekly sampling trips were conducted on schedule during the 2014 water year, beginning in October 2013. Sampling normally took place on Tuesdays, but occasionally took place on other days to accommodate holiday and laboratory schedules. Occasionally samples are taken on different days because of flooding or other acts of nature. Sampling activities are illustrated in Figure 2.

Storm Sampling

As part of the Clean Samish Initiative, Skagit County conducts additional water quality sampling in the Samish Basin during significant rain events. Data collected during these rain events is not included in the tabulation of regular sampling events to preclude undue influence of storm events on Trends Analysis. Storm event sampling is reported on the County web site at: http://www.skagitcounty.net/Departments/PublicWorksCleanWater/samplearchive.htm

Funding

The Centennial Clean Water Grant that funded the program at 75% ended in December 2008, with the remaining 25% coming from County funds. Subsequent work was funded by Skagit County's Clean Water Program. Skagit County has received EPA funding to address Samish Bay Watershed fecal coliform issues, but the core activities of the Skagit County Monitoring Program will continue to be funded out of the Clean Water Program.



Figure 2. Taking dissolved oxygen readings at Red Cabin Creek

Sample Site Revisions

Three sample sites were moved from the original location as delineated in the QAPP. Site 35 on Joe Leary Slough was moved approximately 3,500 feet upstream from Bayview-Edison Road to D'Arcy Road to solve right-of-entry problems. Site 40 on Big Indian Slough was moved approximately 2,800 feet upstream to solve right-of-entry problems and to move away from the tidegate and associated saltwater intrusion. These two changes were made prior to any sampling. Site 42 on Hill Ditch/Carpenter Creek was moved approximately 4,300 feet upstream because the original site at Pioneer Highway was subject to backwater from the Skagit River, and in early samples it was determined that primarily Skagit River water was being sampled instead of Hill Ditch/Carpenter Creek water. These changes were approved by the Department of Ecology as revisions to the QAPP in 2003 and 2004.

In June 2005, the sample site at Rexville Pump Station (Site 44), at the east end of the Sullivan Slough watershed, was moved to the west end of Sullivan Slough, at La Conner-Whitney Road. This move was made in consultation with the Department of Ecology and the Western

Washington Agricultural Association. The majority of flow from that system discharges through the west end into Swinomish Channel. The Rexville Pump Station site was initially chosen because it was cited as a possible fecal coliform source in the Lower Skagit Fecal Coliform TMDL (Pickett 1997). However, fecal coliform readings at the site during this study were generally low, and coupled with the infrequent discharges from the pump station, it was determined that sampling efforts would be better spent nearer the outlet of the slough.

2008 Review of Skagit County Water Quality Program by State of Washington Water Research Center

Skagit County contracted with the State of Washington Water Research Center (WRC) for a review of its water quality program. The WRC Review Report draft was received in March, 2008, and the final report was received in June 2008. The report is available on the Skagit County web site at: <u>www.skagitcounty.net/SCMP</u>.

Skagit County is implementing the report recommendations as the budget allows. Recommendations that have already been incorporated into the program include expansion of the sampling program to better identify pollution source locations (through the County's Pollution Identification and Correction program), increased use of stream discharge information, and some of the statistical recommendations.

Data Summary

Graphs and tables on the following pages report results from the Skagit County Monitoring Program for dissolved oxygen, temperature, and fecal coliform. Please note that each graph within a series may have a different scale due to differences between sample sites. Full data listings for each sampling event at each sample site are included in Appendix A. A summary of water quality results for each sample site is included in Appendix B.

The graphs are meant to give an overall picture of the water quality at a given site over time. They are not intended to fully describe the conditions at that site, only to give an "at a glance" indication of the conditions over the course of the project. Detailed descriptive statistics are included in the summary tables and in Appendix B. Results of the Trends Analysis are described in the Data Analysis section that follows the Data Summary.

Temperature

Water temperature governs the metabolic rate of aquatic organisms. Excessive temperature can serve as a stress on fish and other cold-water organisms, and extreme temperatures can be lethal.

For the water years 2004-2007 and 2009-2014, temperatures were measured with Stowaway Tidbit[®] data loggers from Onset Computer Company. These devices were set to measure water temperature every half hour. They are normally deployed in June and retrieved in late August or early September. During those years, several of the data loggers were missing at the end of each monitoring period. Some had apparently been lost due to channel changes associated with heavy rains in late summer, while others may have been vandalized. For the 2008 water year, a

computer programming error resulted in the data loggers measuring temperature for only two weeks in late June and early July. Since annual peak temperatures occur later in the summer, the 2008 data logger data was not very useful. However, temperatures are also measured at each sampling visit, and this data is displayed in the tables and graphs on the following pages for all years of the program. Readers interested in the continuous temperature data collected in 2004-2007 can access those graphs in the 2007 Water Year Annual Report at this web address: www.skagitcounty.net/scmp. Continuous temperature data summaries for those years are also included as separate files on the web page.

For the 2010 water year, many of the deployed data loggers were either lost to vandalism or high water, or else reached the end of their battery life during deployment. Others were not retrieved before late summer rains brought the streams up earlier than usual. Consequently, many locations do not have continuous water temperature data for the 2010 water year.

New data loggers were purchased and installed for the 2011 water year. Results from 2011-2014 temperature monitoring will be posted on the Skagit County Clean Water web site when available.

Table 3 shows the daily maximum temperatures for the last five years of the study, based on data collected at biweekly samplings. Because the state water quality standards are based on 7-day average maximums (7-DAMs), the maximums reported on Table 3 are not directly comparable to the state temperature standard, but are displayed here as an indication of the relative condition of each stream and for comparison of the temperature conditions from year to year.

Table 4 contains the 7-day average maximums for those sample sites where continuous temperature data is available. These data are directly comparable to the state water quality standards as described on the table and in the next paragraph.

In the fall of 2006, the Washington State Department of Ecology revised its water quality standards (WAC 173-201a) to comply with a request from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. Included in this revision were several changes to temperature and dissolved oxygen standards for Skagit County watercourses. In particular, the lower Skagit River, Hansen, Nookachamps, Fisher, and Carpenter Creeks, and the upper Samish River and tributaries were placed in the "Core salmonid spawning and rearing" use category. This change had the effect of imposing more stringent temperature and dissolved oxygen standards on these streams. Formerly, each of these streams was held to a 7-DAM standard of 17.5°C, but with the revised standards these streams must now meet a 7-DAM standard of 16°C. There were no changes to other streams in the county. Currently, Sites 3-4, 28, 31-44, and 48 are held to the 17.5 °C standard, while all other sites are held to the 16°C standard, including marine Site 47.

In addition to changes in the general standard, the revisions to the state temperature standards in 2006 also added spawning period temperature standards to some streams in the county. Portions of the Samish River, Friday Creek, Hansen Creek, Lake Creek, and East Fork Nookachamps Creek have a 13°C limit from February 15 to June 15 to protect steelhead spawning and egg incubation. The Skagit River upstream from Sedro-Woolley has a 13°C limit from September 1 through May 15 to protect spawning and egg incubation for several salmonids.

Trends Analysis had revealed many sites with significant declines in temperature between 2004 and 2012. Most of these significant declines had disappeared by the end of 2013. For 2014, there were two stations with significant declining temperatures and no stations with increasing temperatures. Many salmonid-bearing streams in Skagit County exceed temperature standards each summer despite the declining trend that occurred 2004-2012. Ecology has developed temperature remediation cleanup plans (TMDLs) for Fisher, Carpenter, Nookachamps, and Hansen Creeks, but many other Skagit County streams also exceed temperature standards.

Only two of the eight sites with continuous temperature monitoring had a maximum 7-day average maximum temperature that did not exceed the EPA water quality standard in 2014. Gaps in the data prevented the calculation of maximum 7-DAM temperatures for the remaining 24 sites. Temperature dataloggers are generally not deployed in agricultural drainage ditches.

Graphs on the pages following Table 4 show the temperature data collected during biweekly visits. Gaps in the data represent streams that were either dry or flooded at sampling time.

Table 3. Temperature ResultsMaximum temperature recorded during biweekly sampling for watercourses in the
last five years of the Skagit County Monitoring Program

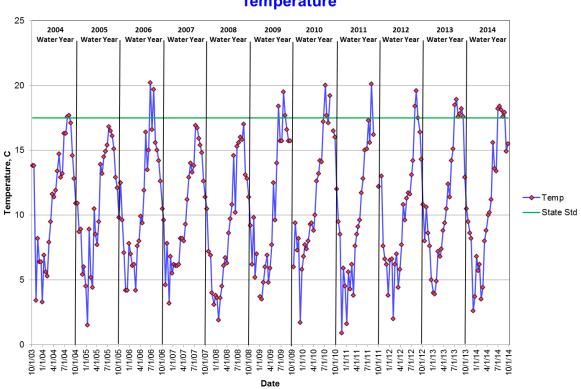
Site Number	Watercourse	Location	Highest daily temperature (°C)				
			2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
3	Thomas Creek	Old Hwy 99 North	20.0	20.1	20.2	18.9	20.2
4	Thomas Creek	F&S Grade Rd	16.3	14.0	16.3	16.2	16.3
6	Friday Creek	Prairie Rd	18.7	16.3	19.3	19.7	19.7
8	Swede Creek	Grip Rd	18.1	15.2	18.1	17.9	18.1
11	Samish River	State Route 9	15.6	13.9	15.8	17.2	17.2
12	Nookachamps Creek	Swan Rd	21.5	18.5	20.8	21.9	24.8
13	E.F. Nookachamps Creek	State Route 9	19.0	17.5	17.8	19.9	23.4
14	College Way Creek	College Way	16.1	17.5	16.9	16.7	20.8
15	Nookachamps Creek	Knapp Rd	20.5	19.6	21.3	22.5	23.1
16	E.F. Nookachamps Creek	Beaver Lake Rd	17.7	16.5	16.9	18.3	20.5
17	Nookachamps Creek	Big Lake Outlet	22.1	21.1	22.3	23.5	24.4
18	Lake Creek	State Route 9	15.8	15.5	15.8	17.0	18.7
19	Hansen Creek	Hoehn Rd	17.4	15.1	18.4	18.1	18.4
20	Hansen Creek	Northern State	15.5	13.6	16.2	15.6	16.2
21	Coal Creek	Hoehn Rd	16.8	13.6	17.5	16.3	17.5
22	Coal Creek	Hwy 20	15.5	14.4	15.6	15.4	15.7
23	Wiseman Creek	Minkler Rd	14.1	12.9	16.2	14.5	16.2
24	Mannser Creek	Lyman Hamilton Hwy	13.5	12.5	15.0	12.9	15.0
25	Red Cabin Creek	Hamilton Cemetery Rd	11.7	11.7	12.5	11.7	12.5
28	Brickyard Creek	Hwy 20	17.5	17.2	17.5	18.6	18.6
29	Skagit River	River Bend Rd	14.8	13.1	16.6	15.4	16.6
30	Skagit River	Cape Horn Rd	14.7	13.4	15.3	15.0	15.3
31	DD20 near floodgate	Francis Rd	14.6	17.6	19.2	19.4	19.4
32	Samish River	Thomas Rd	19.1	16.7	20.0	19.9	20.2
33	Alice Bay Pump Station	Samish Island Rd	26.9	21.2	27.2	25.5	27.2
34	No Name Slough	Bayview-Edison Rd	19.6	18.9	23.4	22.2	25.6
35	Joe Leary Slough	D'Arcy Rd	18.4	16.7	20.6	24.0	24.0
36	Edison Slough at school	W. Bow Hill Rd	32.4	24.6	32.4	29.8	32.4
37	Edison Pump Station	Farm to Market Rd	26.5	23.6	26.5	27.5	27.5
38	North Edison Pump Station	North Edison Rd	25.4	20.1	25.4	25.6	25.6
39	Colony Creek	Colony Rd	17.0	15.5	16.6	18.2	18.2
40	Big Indian Slough	Bayview-Edison Rd	14.9	15.4	15.6	16.2	22.1
41	Maddox Slough/Big Ditch	Milltown Rd	19.4	18.1	18.1	20.1	23.7
42	Hill Ditch	Cedardale Rd	19.9	18.1	20.2	22.5	23.1
43	Wiley Slough	Wylie Rd	20.2	18.9	21.9	21.5	21.9
44	Sullivan Slough	La Conner-Whitney Rd	16.8	18.1	20.8	17.2	21.7
45	Skagit River – North Fork	Moore Rd	14.8	11.3	17.2	16.0	17.2
43 46	Skagit River – South Fork	Fir Island Rd	14.8	14.0	17.2	16.3	17.2
	e e						
47	Swinomish Channel	County Boat Launch	15.7	15.6	17.2	15.7	18.0
48	Fisher Creek	Franklin Rd	12.7	13.6	14.4	14.6	14.6

Data from biweekly site visits

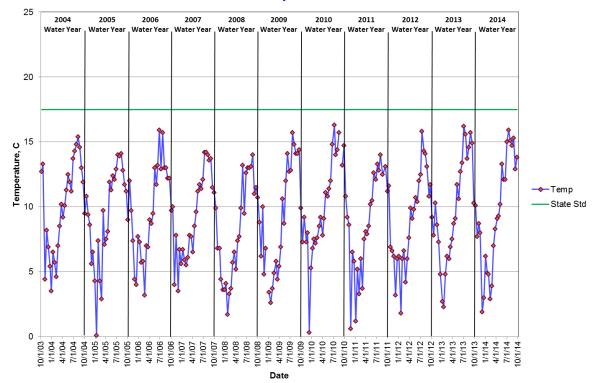
Site				Max. 7D	AM (°C)		
Number	Watercourse	Location	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
3	Thomas Creek	Old Hwy 99 North	21.9	23.3	22.9	n/a	21.6
4	Thomas Creek	F&S Grade Rd	17.0	15.6	n/a	16.4	n/a
6	Friday Creek	Prairie Rd	19.3	18.1	19.0	19.3	n/a
8	Swede Creek	Grip Rd	N/A	17.6	n/a	17.9	19.8
11	Samish River	State Route 9	15.4	15.2	n/a	13.3	15.3
12	Nookachamps Creek	Swan Rd	21.8	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
13	E.F. Nookachamps Creek	State Route 9	n/a	18.5	17.7	n/a	n/a
14	College Way Creek	College Way	n/a	17.5	n/a	17.7	n/a
15	Nookachamps Creek	Knapp Rd	n/a	21.9	n/a	21.9	n/a
16	E.F. Nookachamps Creek	Beaver Lake Rd	20.4	17.9	n/a	n/a	n/a
17	Nookachamps Creek	Big Lake Outlet	25.1	23.4	n/a	24.7	26.4
18	Lake Creek	State Route 9	n/a	18.2	17.5	17.4	n/a
19	Hansen Creek	Hoehn Rd	n/a	18.9	19.2	n/a	n/a
20	Hansen Creek	Northern State	n/a	15.2	n/a	n/a	n/a
21	Coal Creek	Hoehn Rd	n/a	16.5	17.5	16.8	n/a
22	Coal Creek	Hwy 20	17.5	16.5	16.8	16.6	n/a
23	Wiseman Creek	Minkler Rd	18.0	16.5	n/a	n/a	19.6
24	Mannser Creek	Lyman Hamilton Hwy	13.3	12.4	13.9	13.2	13.3
25	Red Cabin Creek	Hamilton Cemetery Rd	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
28	Brickyard Creek	Hwy 20	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
29	Skagit River	River Bend Rd	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
30	Skagit River	Cape Horn Rd	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
31	DD 20 near floodgate	Francis Rd	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
32	Samish River	Thomas Rd	n/a	n/a	n/a	19.5	20.4
33	Alice Bay Pump Station	Samish Island Rd	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
34	No Name Slough	Bayview-Edison Rd	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
35	Joe Leary Slough	D'Arcy Rd	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
36	Edison Slough at school	W. Bow Hill Rd	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
37	Edison Pump Station	Farm to Market Rd	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
38	North Edison Pump Station	North Edison Rd	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
39	Colony Creek	Colony Rd	n/a	16.8	17.4	17.1	19.2
40	Big Indian Slough	Bayview-Edison Rd	n/a	n/a	21.9	n/a	n/a
41	Maddox Slough/Big Ditch	Milltown Rd	n/a	n/a	n/a	22.4	n/a
42	Hill Ditch	Cedardale Rd	23.1	19.5	n/a	23.8	n/a
43	Wiley Slough	Wylie Rd	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
44	Sullivan Slough	LaConner-Whitney Rd	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
45	Skagit River – North Fork	Moore Rd	17.2	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
46	Skagit River – South Fork	Fir Island Rd	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
47	Swinomish Channel	County Boat Launch	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
48	Fisher Creek	Franklin Rd	14.4	n/a	n/a	14.4	n/a
Data from continuous temperature data loggers							

Table 4. Five-Year Temperature Results SummaryMaximum 7-day average maximum temperatures for 2010-2014 of the
Skagit County Monitoring Program

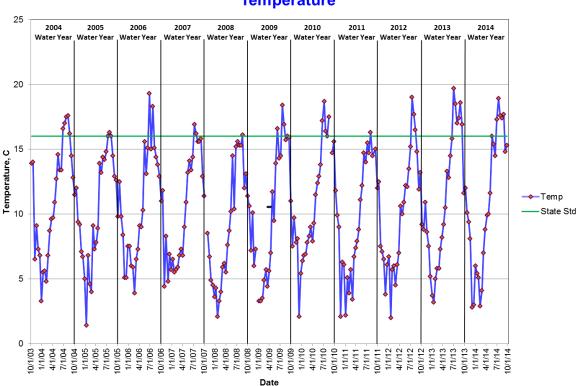
Data from continuous temperature data loggers



Thomas Creek at F&S Grade Road - Site 4 Temperature

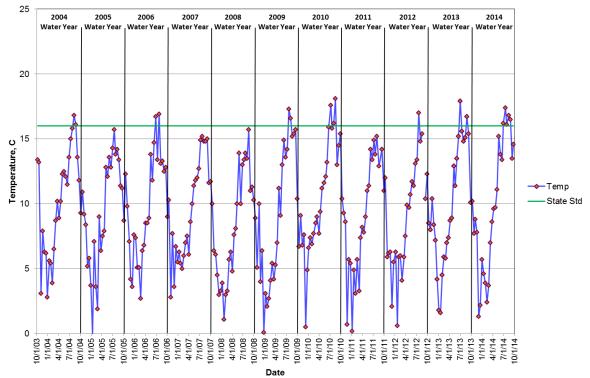


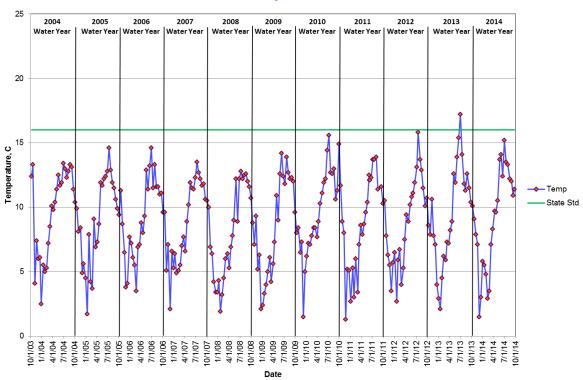
Thomas Creek at Highway 99 - Site 3 Temperature



Friday Creek at Prairie Road - Site 6 Temperature

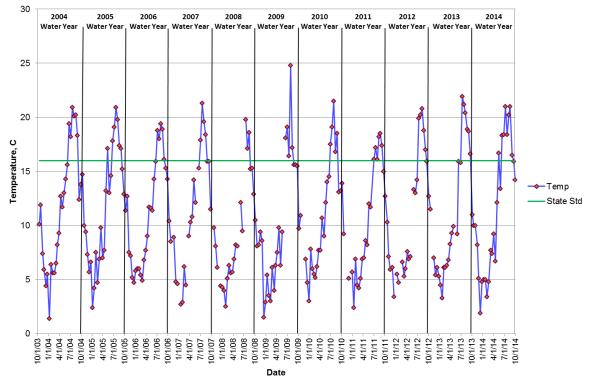


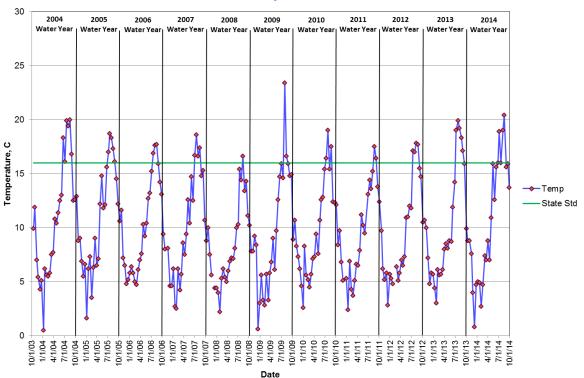




Samish River at Highway 9 - Site 11 Temperature

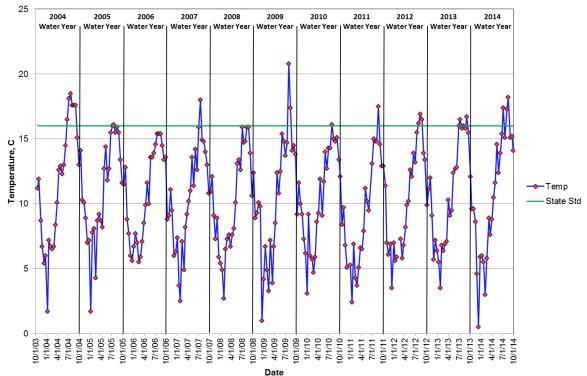


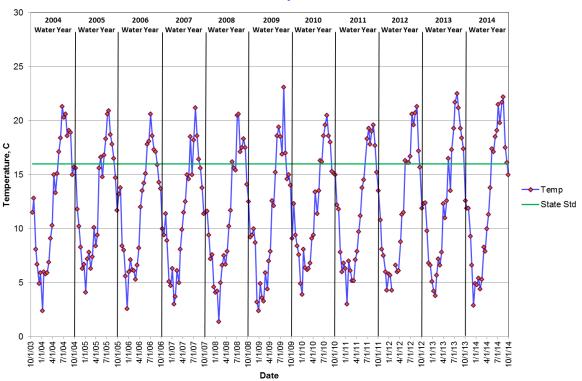




East Fork Nookachamps Creek at Highway 9 - Site 13 Temperature

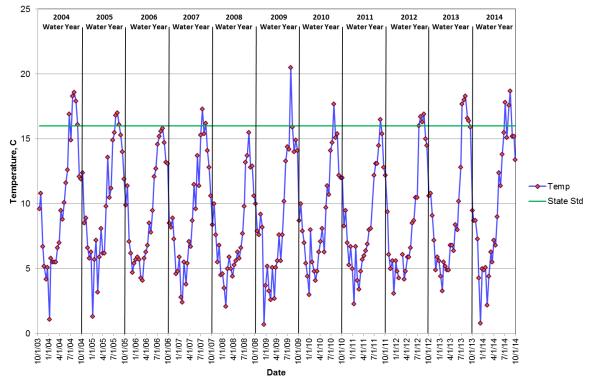


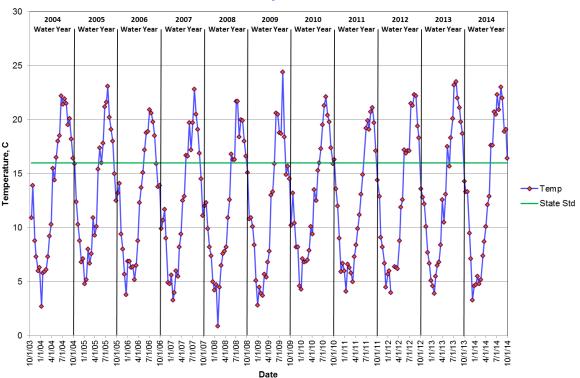




Nookachamps Creek at Knapp Road - Site 15 Temperature

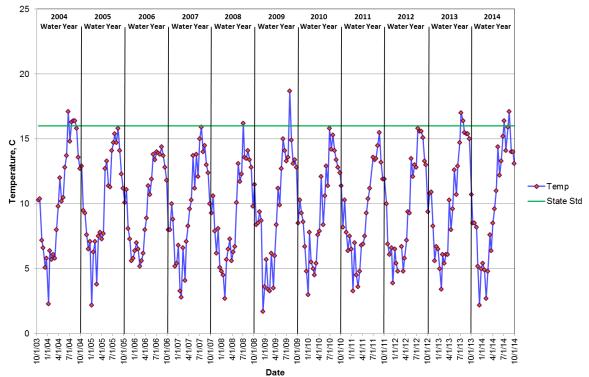


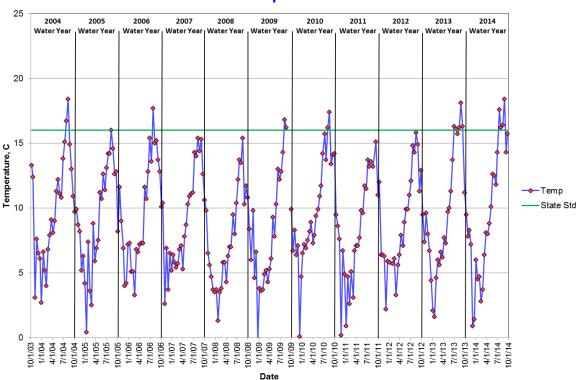




Nookachamps Creek at Big Lake Outlet - Site 17 Temperature

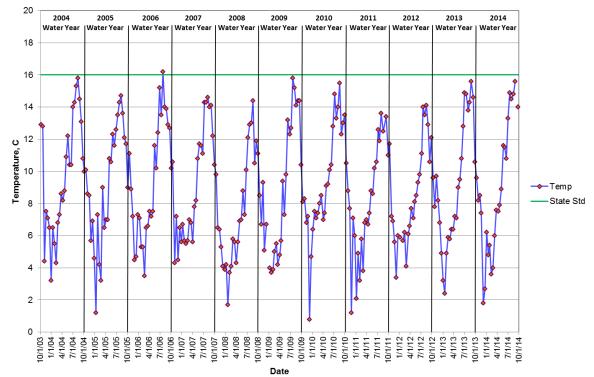


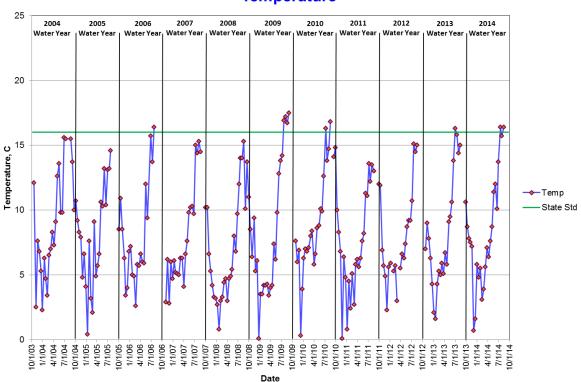




Hansen Creek at Hoehn Road - Site 19 Temperature

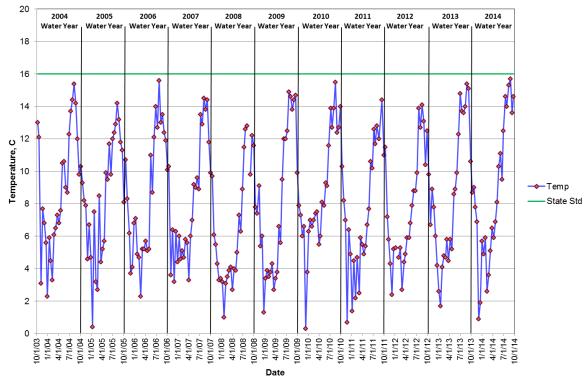


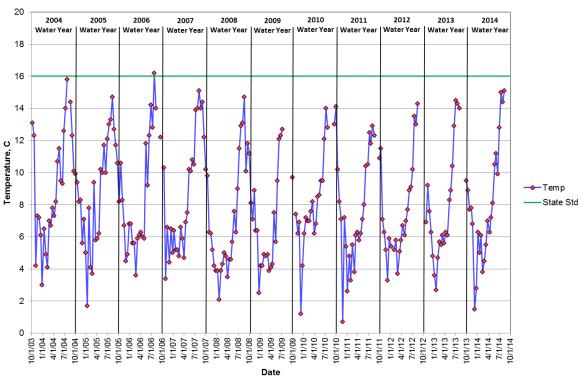




Coal Creek at Hoehn Road - Site 21 Temperature

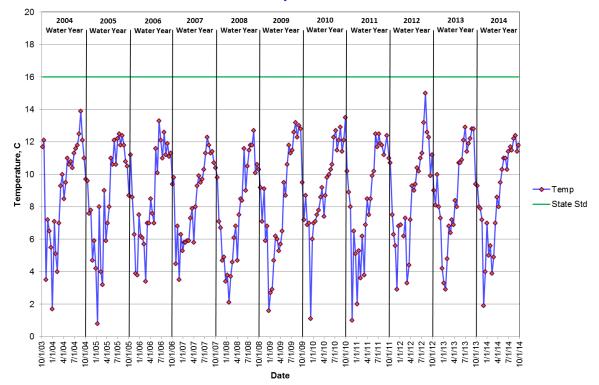


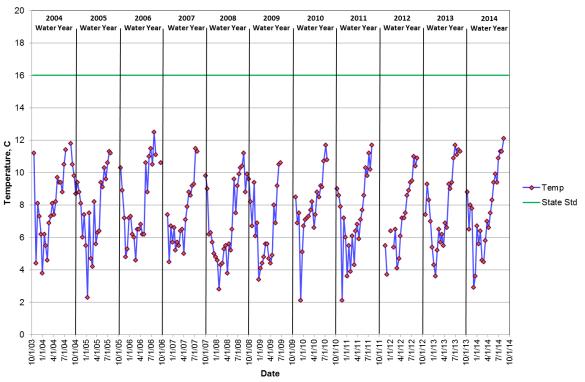




Wiseman Creek at Minkler Road - Site 23 Temperature

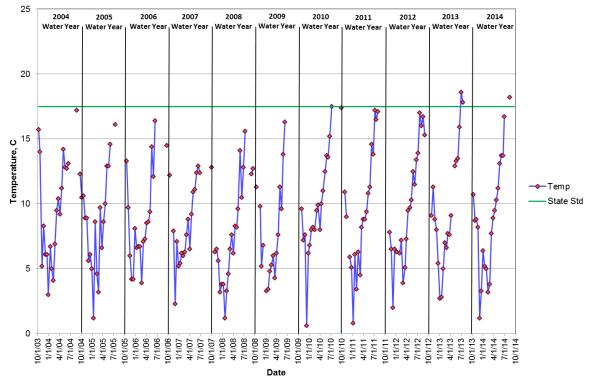
Mannser Creek at Lyman-Hamilton Highway - Site 24 Temperature

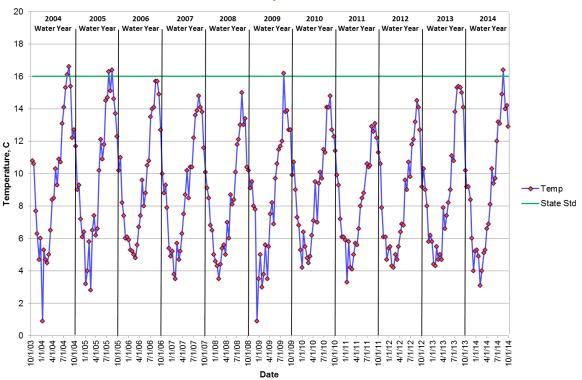




Red Cabin Creek at Hamilton Cemetery Road - Site 25 Temperature

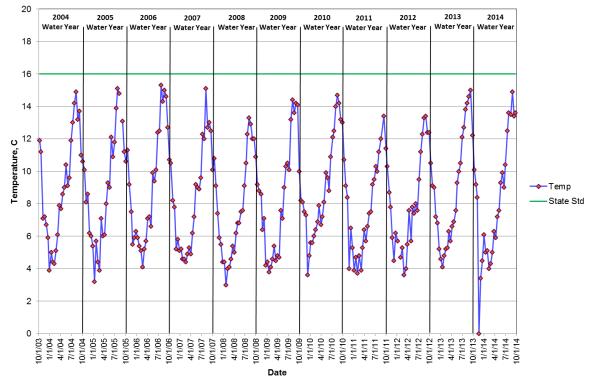


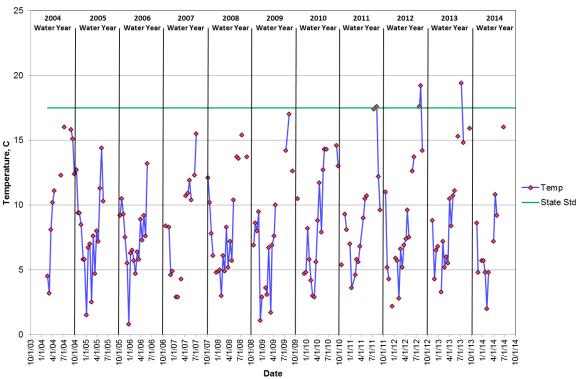




Skagit River at River Bend Road - Site 29 Temperature

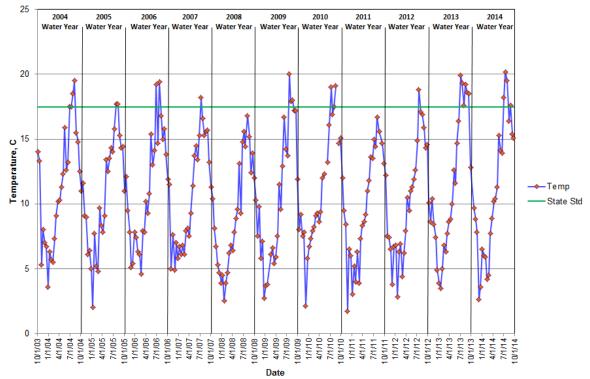


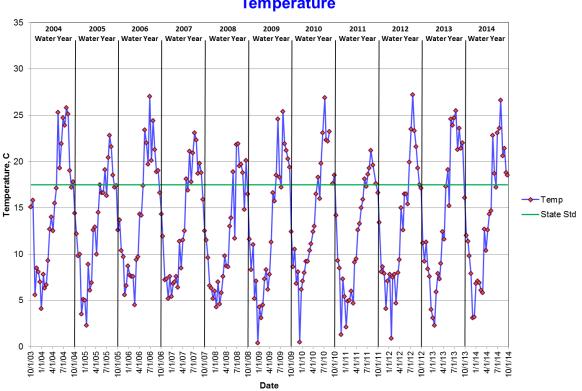




Drainage District 20 Ditch at Floodgate - Site 31 Temperature

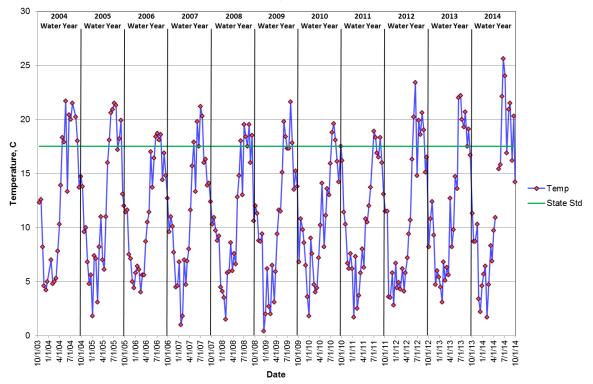


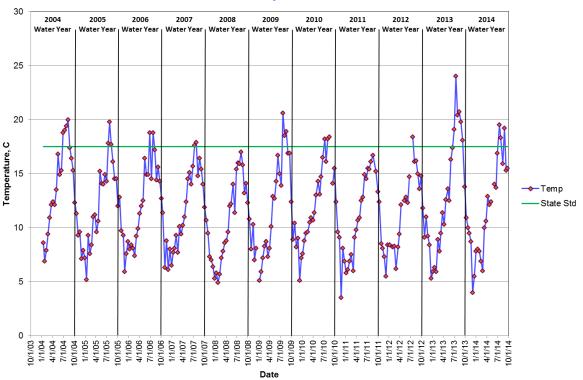




Alice Bay Pump Station - Site 33 Temperature

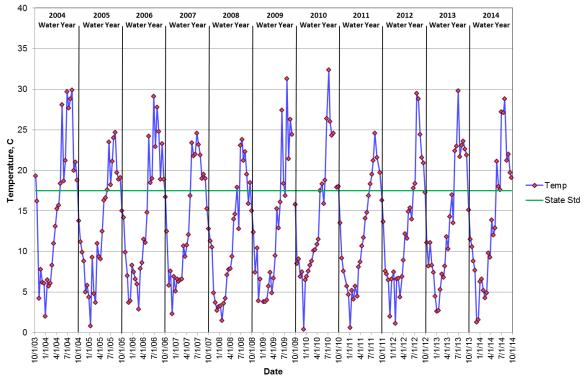
No Name Slough at Bayview-Edison Road - Site 34 Temperature

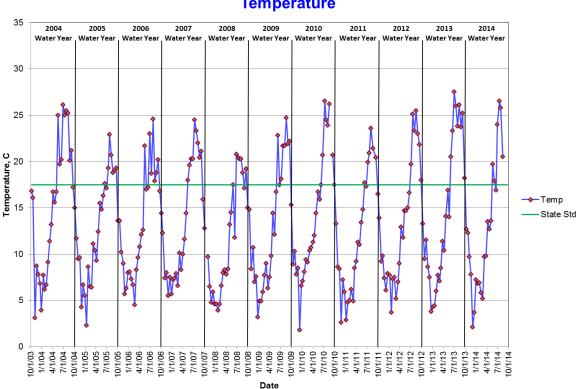




Joe Leary Slough at D'Arcy Road - Site 35 Temperature

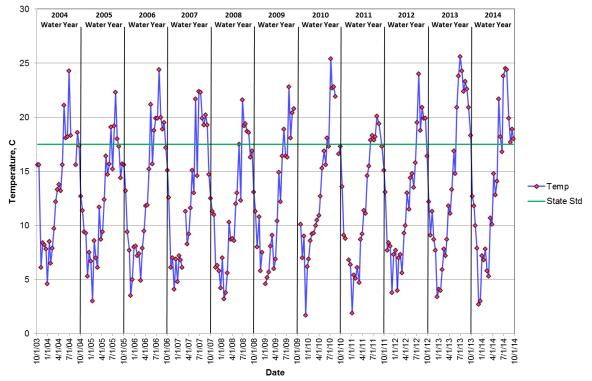


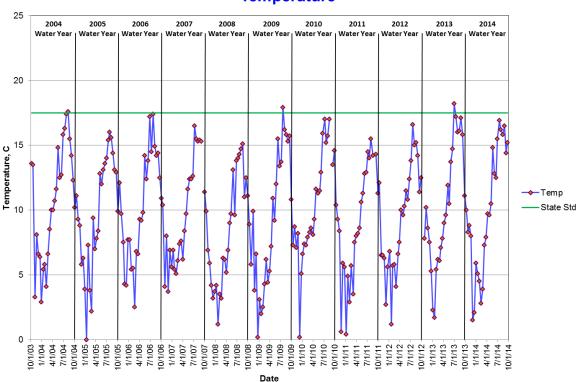




Edison Pump Station - Site 37 Temperature

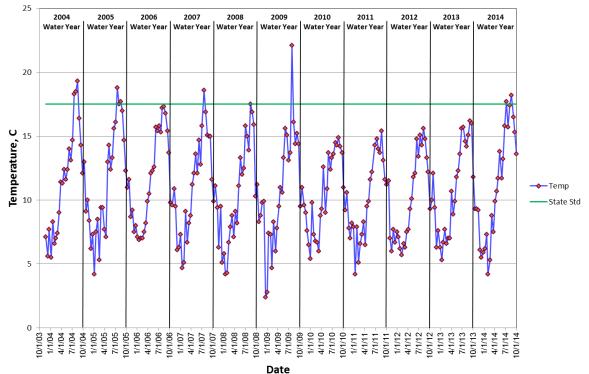


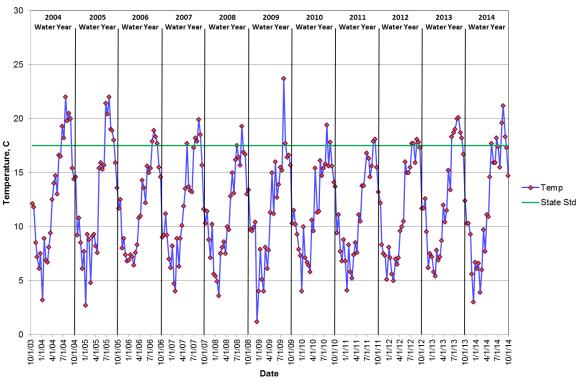




Colony Creek at Colony Road - Site 39 Temperature

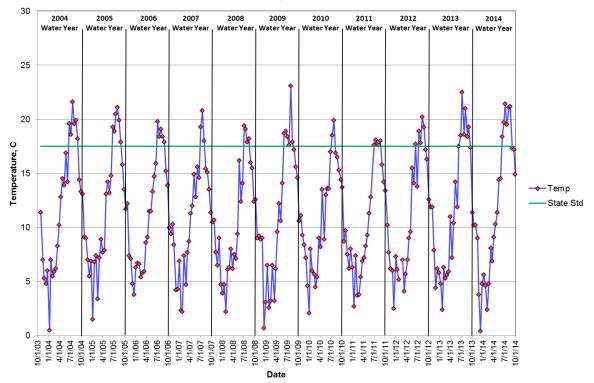


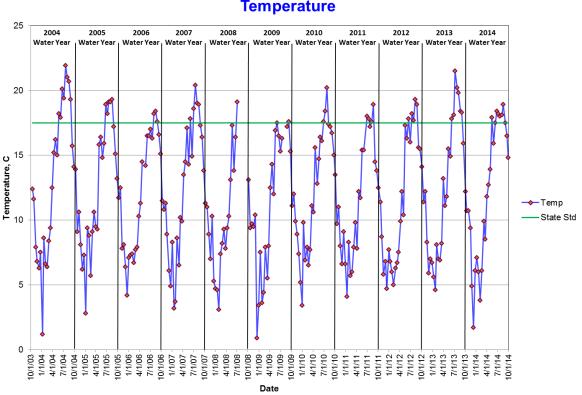




Maddox Creek/Big Ditch at Milltown Road - Site 41 Temperature

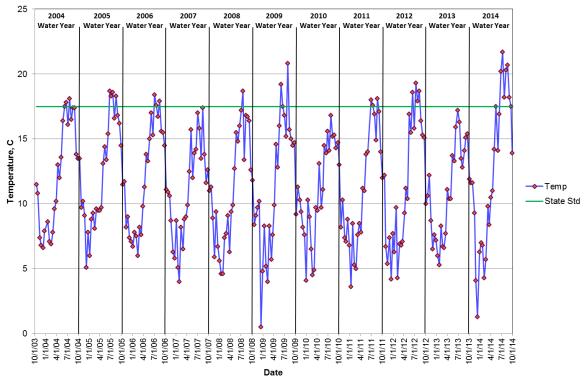
Carpenter Creek/Hill Ditch at Cedardale Road - Site 42 Temperature

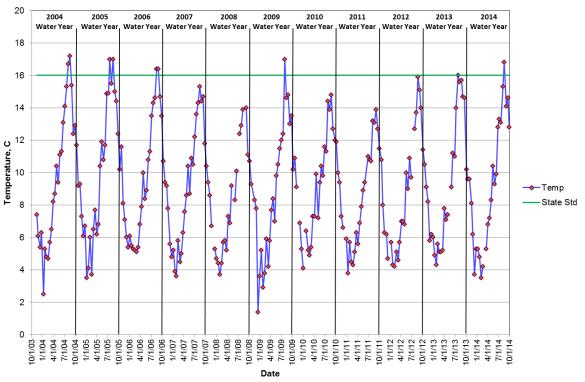




Wiley Slough at Wylie Road - Site 43 Temperature

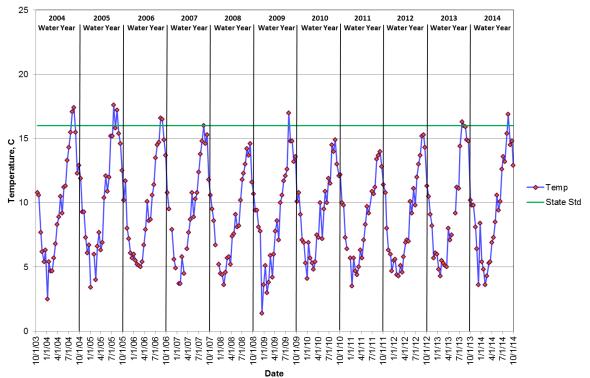


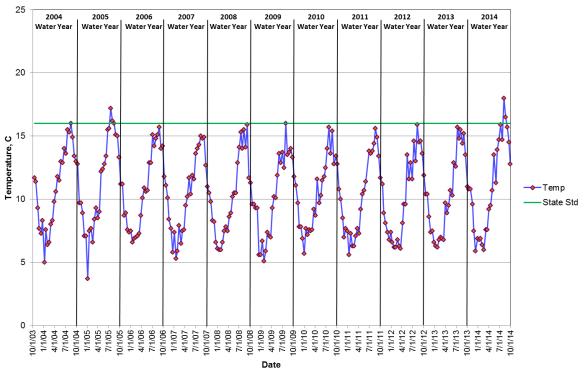




North Fork Skagit River near Moore Road - Site 45 Temperature

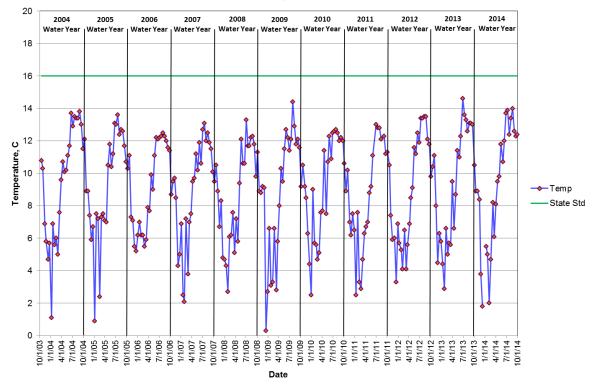






Swinomish Channel at County Boat Ramp - Site 47 Temperature

Fisher Creek at Franklin Road - Site 48 Temperature



Dissolved Oxygen

Dissolved oxygen (DO) measurements determine how much oxygen is available in the water for fish and other organisms. DO measurements were taken with a meter at each site during each visit, except in rare instances of equipment malfunction. A summary of DO readings (in mg/L) obtained during the 2014 water year is provided in Table 5. Table 6 summarizes data from the last five years of the study. The pages following Table 6 contain graphs illustrating dissolved oxygen levels at all sample sites for the 2004-2014 water years. Gaps in the data represent streams that were either flooded or dry at sampling time, or may represent equipment malfunctions.

The state water quality standards for dissolved oxygen are based on single-day minimum measurements. For some lowland watercourses in the Skagit County Monitoring Program (Sites 3-4, 28, 31-44, and 48), the minimum standard is 8.0 mg/L. For the marine site (Site 47), the standard is 6.0 mg/L. For all other sites, the standard is 9.5 mg/L. The solubility of oxygen in water is inversely related to temperature, so that higher temperatures frequently result in lower dissolved oxygen values.

Only one site (Red Cabin Creek, site 25) in the Skagit County Monitoring Program met oxygen standards at each measurement in the 2014 water year - fewer sites than in previous years. Red Cabin Creek is normally dry during the warmest part of the year. Others met the oxygen standard for most of the year. In a few streams, oxygen levels showed steep declines in summer as can be seen by the graphs on the following pages. These declines are usually associated with very low flows.

In the drainage infrastructure and lower sloughs, dissolved oxygen levels can be greatly influenced by algal activity. During large algae blooms, the oxygen produced during photosynthesis can lead to very high oxygen levels during the day. However, at those same times, nighttime oxygen levels can be very low as the large populations of algae turn from producing oxygen to consuming it. Because our oxygen readings are taken during the day, the monitoring program does not account for these nighttime oxygen reductions. During times when algae blooms are dying off, the decomposition of the dying algae can lead to very low oxygen levels both day and night. The results, as can be seen in the graphs of the drainage sites, are widely fluctuating dissolved oxygen levels depending on the state of the algal blooms at sampling time.

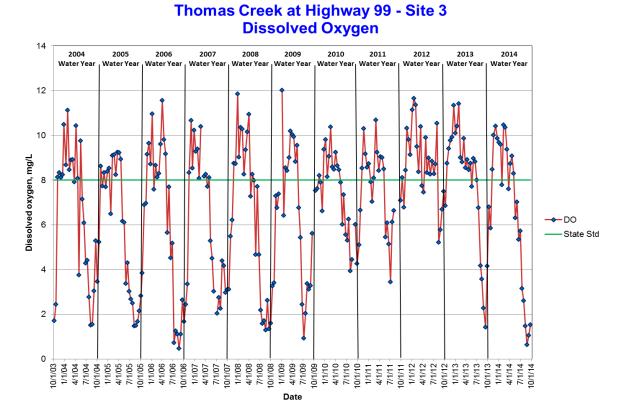
Site			Mean DO	Minimum DO	1
Number		Location	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	St. Std ¹
3	Thomas Creek	Old Hwy 99 N	6.89	0.47	8.0
4	Thomas Creek	F&S Grade Rd	10.97	6.73	8.0
6	Friday Creek	Prairie Rd	11.12	6.95	9.5
8	Swede Creek	Grip Rd	10.78	5.62	9.5
11	Samish River	State Route 9	8.53	4.70	9.5
12	Nookachamps Creek	Swan Rd	9.25	1.90	9.5
13	E.F. Nookachamps Creek	State Route 9	9.89	4.21	9.5
14	College Way Creek	College Way	9.15	3.99	9.5
15	Nookachamps Creek	Knapp Rd	8.09	0.26	9.5
16	E.F. Nookachamps Creek	Beaver Lake Rd	11.41	7.13	9.5
17	Nookachamps Creek	Big Lake Outlet	9.94	5.89	9.5
18	Lake Creek	State Route 9	11.03	7.88	9.5
19	Hansen Creek	Hoehn Rd	10.36	4.85	9.5
20	Hansen Creek	Northern State	11.05	7.34	9.5
21	Coal Creek	Hoehn Rd	11.04	7.38	9.5
22	Coal Creek	Hwy 20	11.78	8.33	9.5
23	Wiseman Creek	Minkler Rd	11.83	8.87	9.5
24	Mannser Creek	Lyman Hamilton Hwy	6.37	1.97	9.5
25	Red Cabin Creek	Hamilton Cemetery Rd	11.73	9.66	9.5
28	Brickyard Creek	Hwy 20	9.10	4.80	8.0
29	Skagit River	River Bend Rd	11.14	7.63	9.5
30	Skagit River	Cape Horn Rd	11.22	8.35	9.5
31	Drainage District 20 floodgate	Francis Rd	7.96	0.40	8.0
32	Samish River	Thomas Rd	10.71	2.58	8.0
33	Alice Bay Pump Station	Samish Island Rd	9.18	1.88	8.0
34	No Name Slough	Bayview-Edison Rd	6.56	0.06	8.0
35	Joe Leary Slough	D'Arcy Rd	5.24	2.14	8.0
36	Edison Slough at school	West Bow Hill Rd	8.79	2.32	8.0
37	Edison Pump Station	Farm to Market Rd	6.90	0.27	8.0
38	North Edison Pump Station	North Edison Rd	7.18	0.53	8.0
39	Colony Creek	Colony Rd	10.81	6.11	8.0
40	Big Indian Slough	Bayview-Edison Rd	5.06	1.24	8.0
41	Maddox Slough/Big Ditch	Milltown Rd	5.94	0.05	8.0
42	Hill Ditch	Cedardale Rd	7.97	2.05	9.5
43	Wiley Slough	Wylie Rd	4.97	0.12	8.0
44	Sullivan Slough	La Conner-Bayview Rd	6.92	0.09	8.0
45	Skagit River – North Fork	Moore Rd	11.26	7.35	9.5
46	Skagit River – South Fork	Fir Island Rd	11.20	8.40	9.5
47	Swinomish Channel	County Boat Launch	8.72	5.48	6.0
48	Fisher Creek	Franklin Rd	11.04	7.53	9.5

Table 5. Dissolved Oxygen Results Summary of Dissolved Oxygen (DO) measurements in the Skagit County Monitoring Program 2014 Water Year

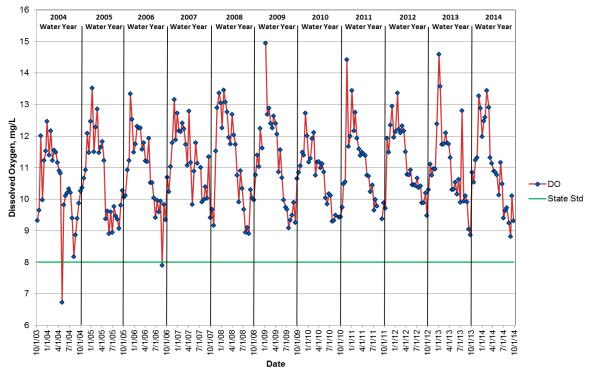
¹Washington State Water Quality Standard per WAC 173-201A

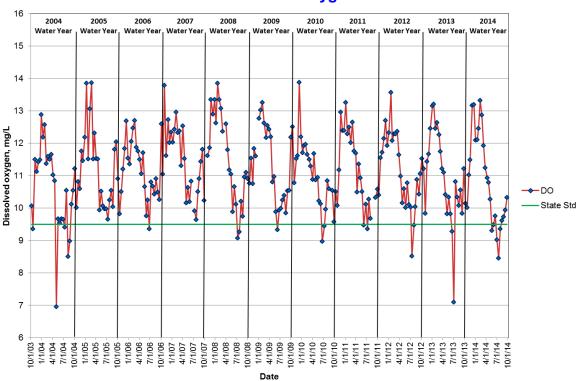
Site				Mean Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)			
Number	Watercourse	Location	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
3	Thomas Creek	Old Hwy 99 North	7.4	7.5	8.7	7.9	6.9
4	Thomas Creek	F&S Grade Rd	10.8	11.1	11.2	11.1	11.0
6	Friday Creek	Prairie Rd	11.1	11.1	11.2	11.0	11.1
8	Swede Creek	Grip Rd	9.8	10.5	10.7	10.7	10.8
11	Samish River	State Route 9	8.2	8.6	8.6	8.7	8.5
12	Nookachamps Creek	Swan Rd	8.6	9.2	8.9	9.5	9.3
13	E.F. Nookachamps Creek	State Route 9	9.3	10.4	9.5	10.0	9.9
14	College Way Creek	College Way	9.3	10.0	8.9	8.8	9.2
15	Nookachamps Creek	Knapp Rd	8.1	8.8	8.0	8.0	8.1
16	E.F. Nookachamps Creek	Beaver Lake Rd	11.1	11.4	11.3	11.5	11.4
17	Nookachamps Creek	Big Lake Outlet	10.0	9.8	9.9	9.7	9.9
18	Lake Creek	State Route 9	10.9	11.3	10.6	10.8	11.0
19	Hansen Creek	Hoehn Rd	10.2	10.6	10.2	9.9	10.4
20	Hansen Creek	Northern State	10.8	11.1	11.0	11.1	11.1
21	Coal Creek	Hoehn Rd	10.7	11.0	11.0	10.9	11.0
22	Coal Creek	Hwy 20	11.5	11.9	11.7	11.6	11.8
23	Wiseman Creek	Minkler Rd	11.7	12.0	11.9	11.8	11.8
24	Mannser Creek	Lyman Hamilton Hwy	6.1	5.5	5.6	6.0	6.4
25	Red Cabin Creek	Hamilton Cemetery Rd	11.7	11.7	11.8	11.6	11.7
28	Brickyard Creek	Hwy 20	8.7	9.4	9.2	9.0	9.1
29	Skagit River	River Bend Rd	11.0	11.4	11.4	11.0	11.1
30	Skagit River	Cape Horn Rd	11.1	11.3	11.3	10.9	11.2
31	DD20 near floodgate	Francis Rd	8.5	8.1	7.6	7.3	8.0
32	Samish River	Thomas Rd	10.9	10.6	10.8	10.8	10.7
33	Alice Bay Pump Station	Samish Island Rd	10.4	8.9	8.9	8.4	9.2
34	No Name Slough	Bayview-Edison Rd	6.0	8.2	7.0	5.9	6.6
35	Joe Leary Slough	D'Arcy Rd	5.3	5.0	5.4	5.5	5.2
36	Edison Slough at school	W. Bow Hill Rd	8.6	8.9	9.1	9.3	8.8
37	Edison Pump Station	Farm to Market Rd	5.9	7.0	8.7	6.7	6.9
38	North Edison Pump Station	North Edison Rd	5.9	7.7	5.7	7.8	7.2
39	Colony Creek	Colony Rd	10.8	11.0	10.8	10.7	10.8
40	Big Indian Slough	Bayview-Edison Rd	5.2	5.6	5.5	5.2	5.1
41	Maddox Slough/Big Ditch	Milltown Rd	6.7	6.0	5.8	5.2	5.9
42	Hill Ditch	Cedardale Rd	8.2	8.4	8.4	9.4	8.0
43	Wiley Slough	Wylie Rd	5.1	4.7	4.6	5.6	5.0
44	Sullivan Slough	La Conner-Whitney Rd	7.7	7.2	7.0	6.4	6.9
45	Skagit River – North Fork	Moore Rd	11.3	11.5	11.4	11.2	11.3
46	Skagit River – South Fork	Fir Island Rd	11.3	11.4	11.2	11.2	11.2
47	Swinomish Channel	County Boat Launch	8.8	8.9	8.8	8.6	8.7
48	Fisher Creek	Franklin Rd	11.2	11.3	11.1	10.9	11.0

Table 6. Dissolved Oxygen Results SummaryMean Dissolved Oxygen levels for five years of the Skagit County Monitoring Program



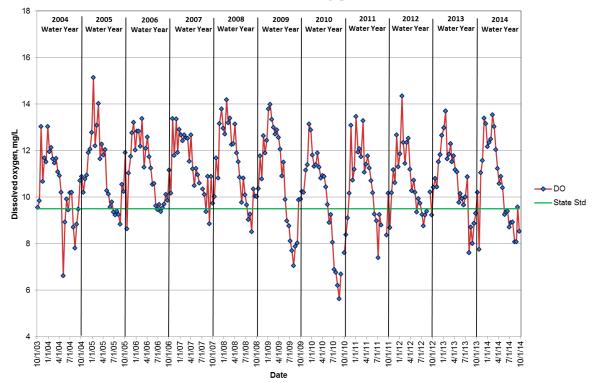
Thomas Creek at F&S Grade Road - Site 4 Dissolved Oxygen

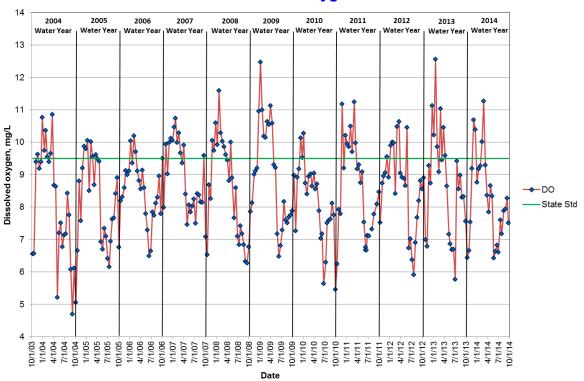




Friday Creek at Prairie Road - Site 6 Dissolved Oxygen

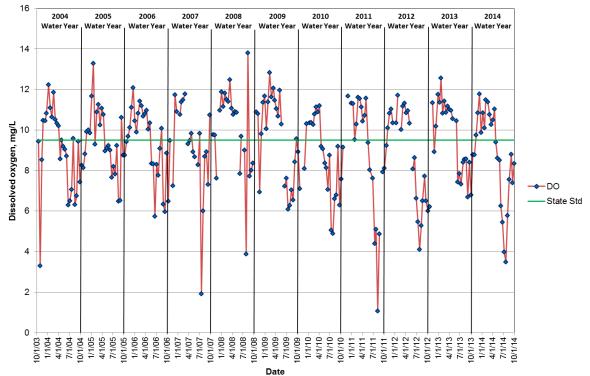
Swede Creek at Grip Road - Site 8 Dissolved Oxygen

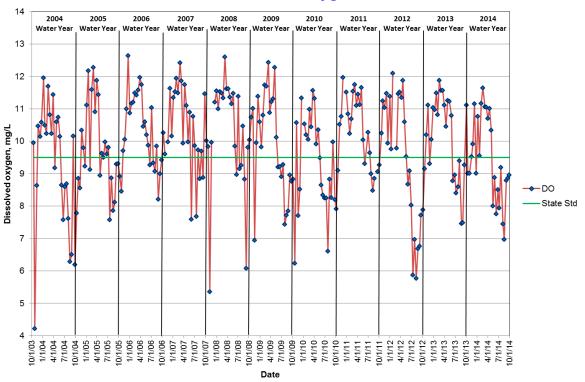




Samish River at Highway 9 - Site 11 Dissolved Oxygen

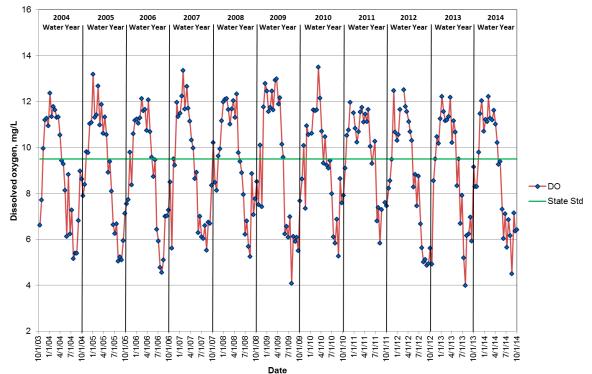


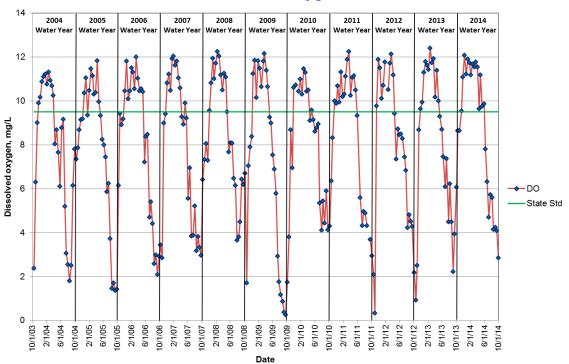




East Fork Nookachamps Creek at Highway 9 - Site 13 Dissolved Oxygen

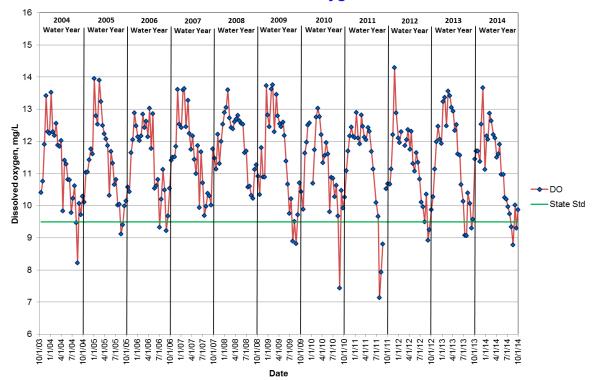


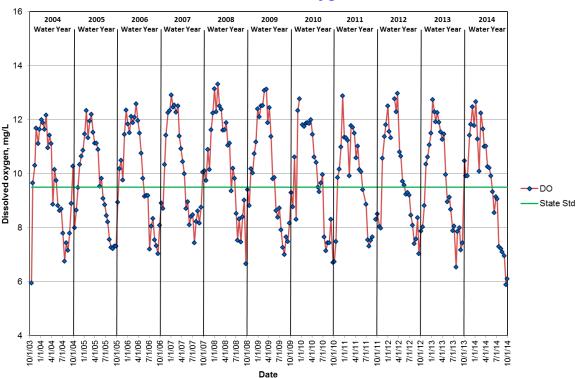




Nookachamps Creek at Knapp Road - Site 15 Dissolved Oxygen

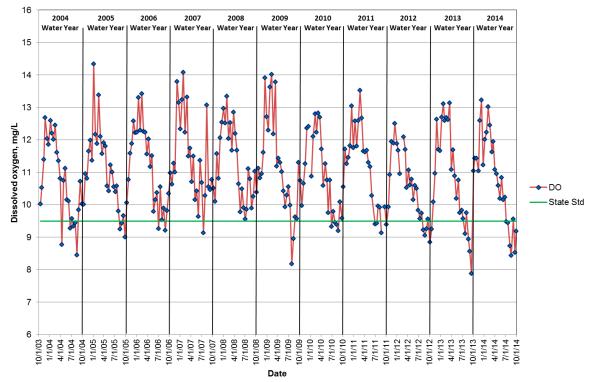
East Fork Nookachamps Creek at Beaver Lake Road - Site 16 Dissolved Oxygen

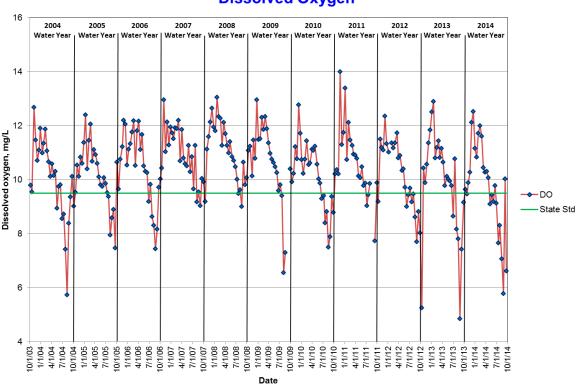




Nookachamps Creek at Big Lake Outlet - Site 17 Dissolved Oxygen

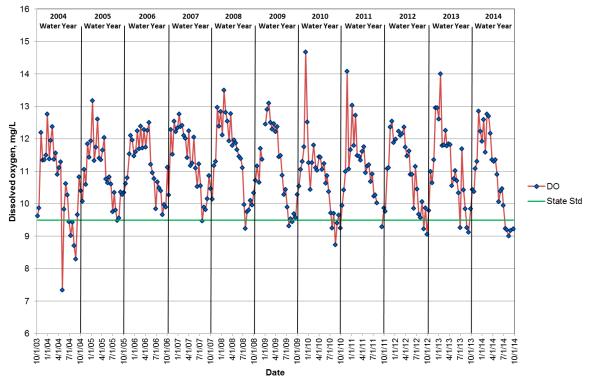
Lake Creek at Highway 9 - Site 18 Dissolved Oxygen

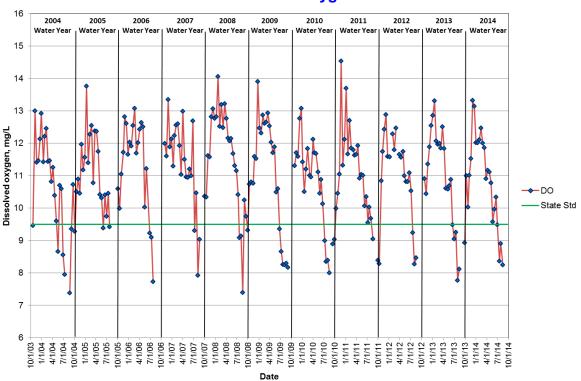




Hansen Creek at Hoehn Road - Site 19 Dissolved Oxygen

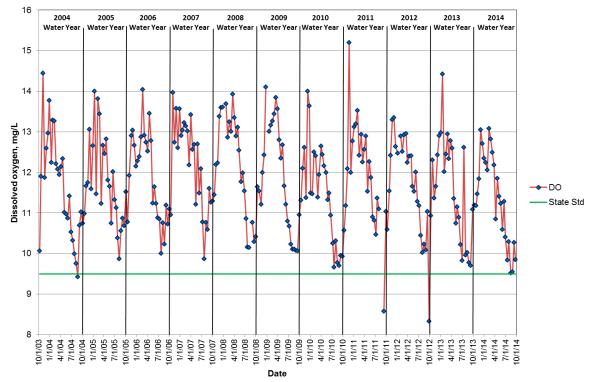


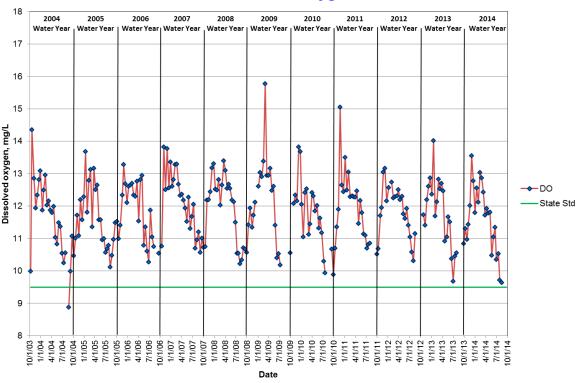




Coal Creek at Hoehn Road - Site 21 Dissolved Oxygen

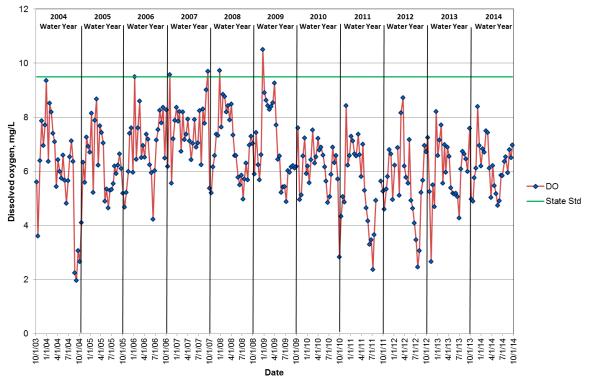
Coal Creek at Highway 20 - Site 22 Dissolved Oxygen

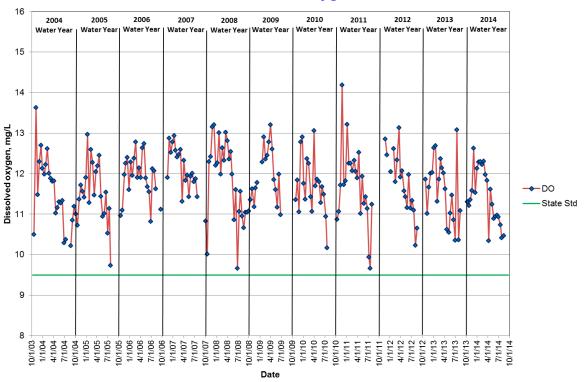




Wiseman Creek at Minkler Road - Site 23 Dissolved Oxygen

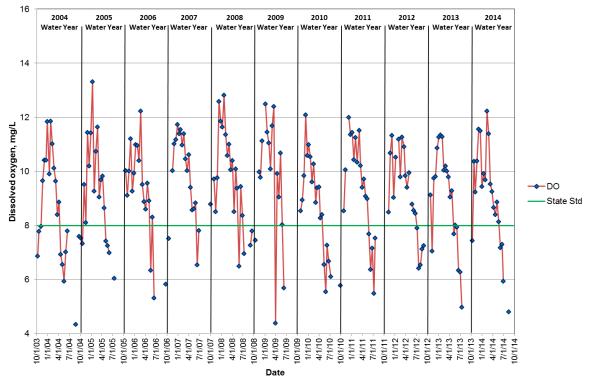


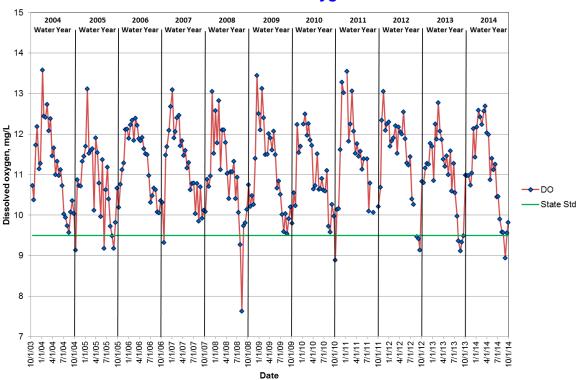




Red Cabin Creek at Hamilton Cemetery Road - Site 25 Dissolved Oxygen

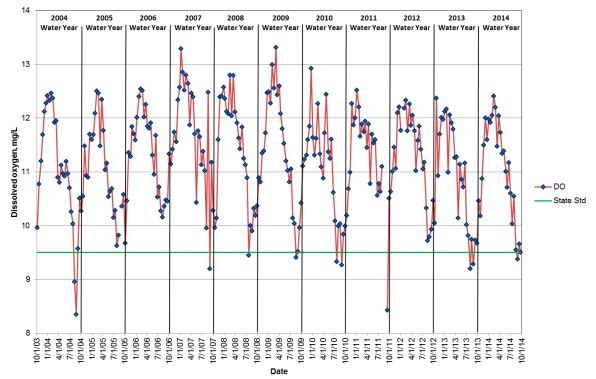


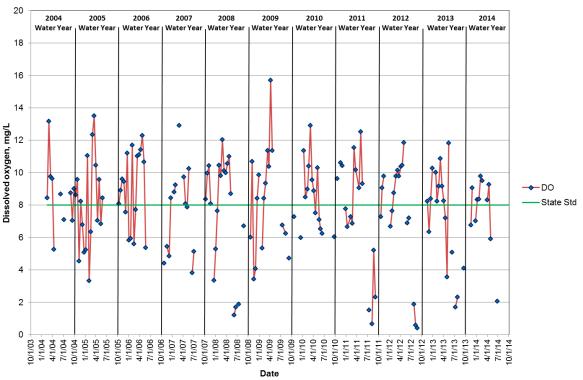




Skagit River at River Bend Road - Site 29 Dissolved Oxygen

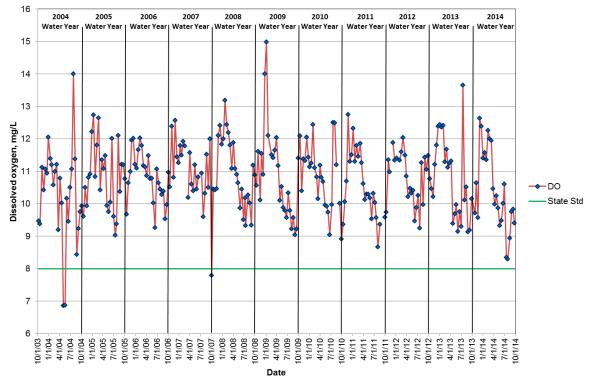


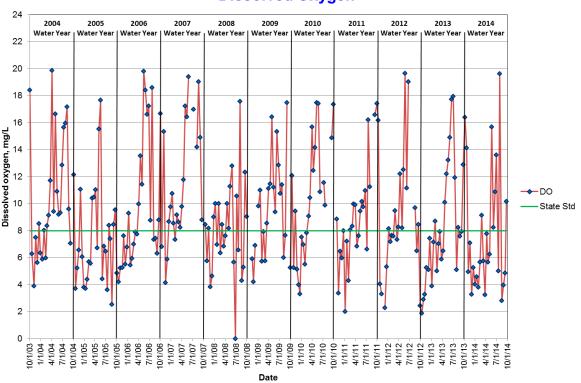




Drainage District 20 Ditch at Floodgate - Site 31 Dissolved Oxygen

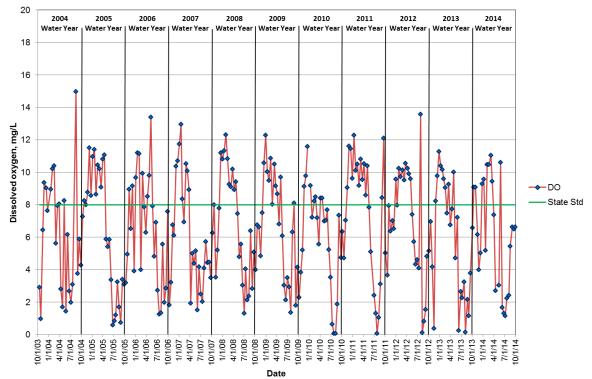


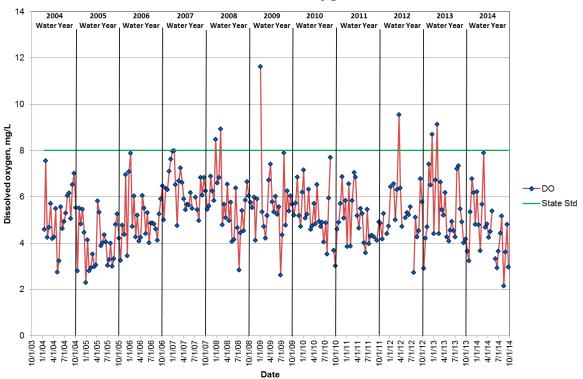




Alice Bay Pump Station - Site 33 Dissolved Oxygen

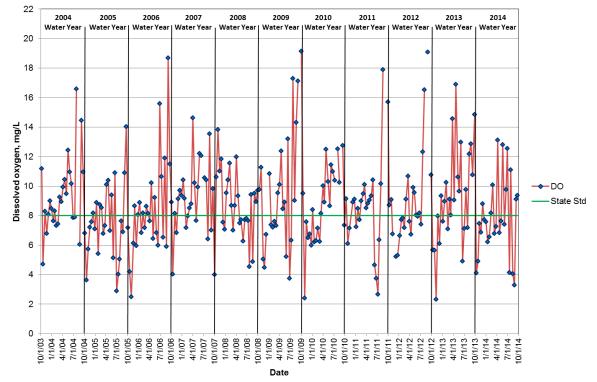


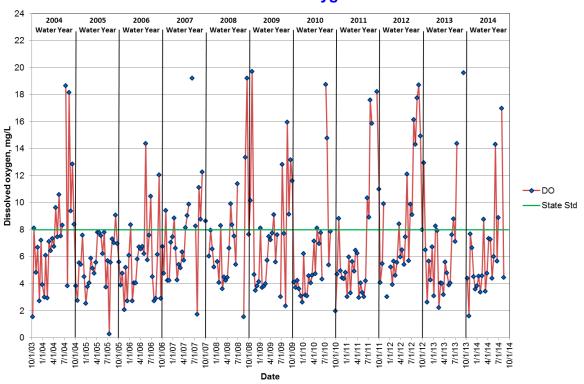




Joe Leary Slough at D'Arcy Road - Site 35 Dissolved Oxygen

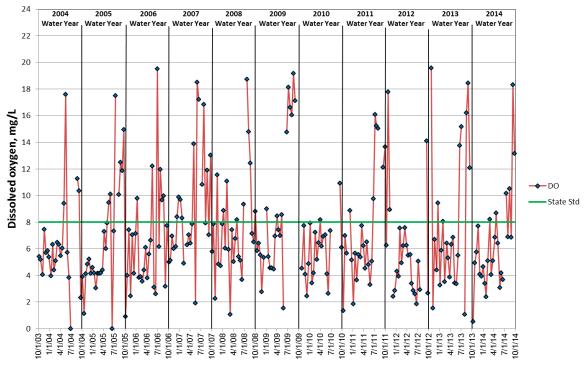




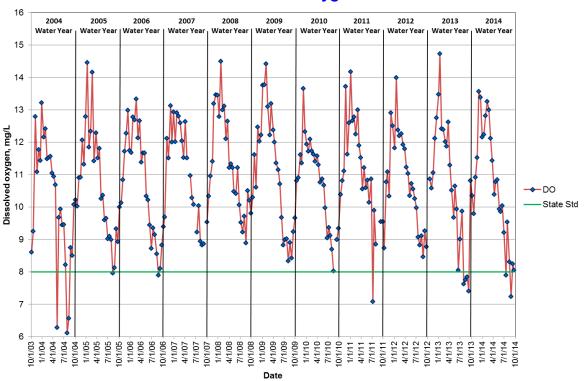


Edison Pump Station - Site 37 Dissolved Oxygen

North Edison Pump Station - Site 38 Dissolved Oxygen

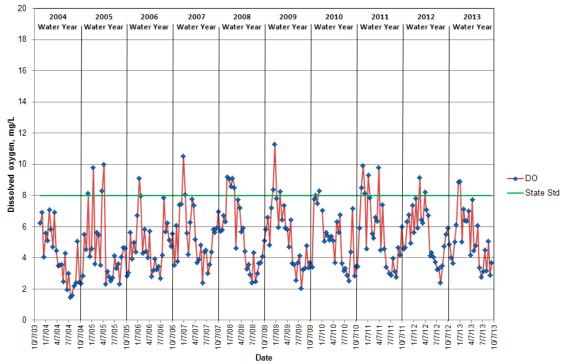


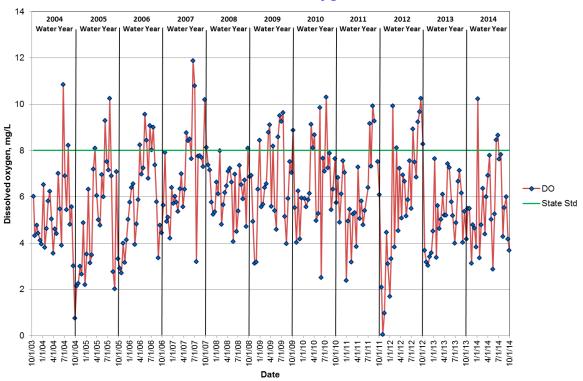
Date



Colony Creek at Colony Road - Site 39 Dissolved Oxygen

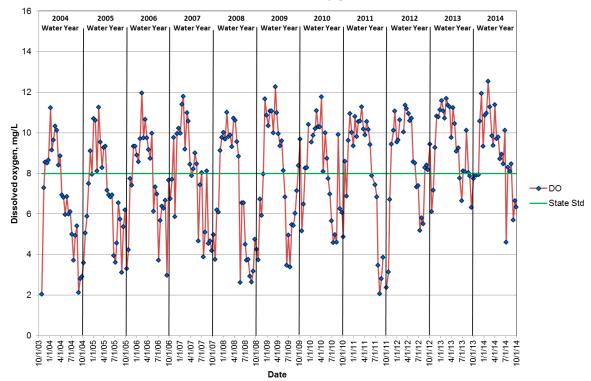


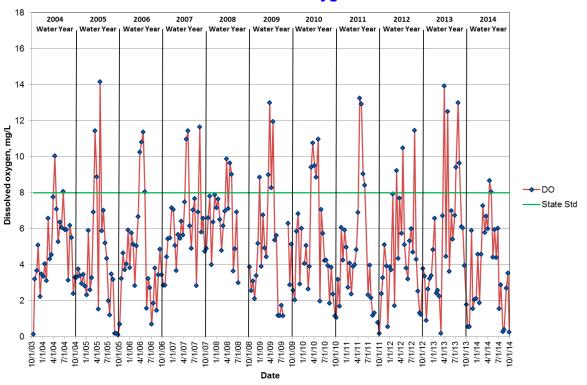




Maddox Creek/Big Ditch at Milltown Road - Site 41 Dissolved Oxygen

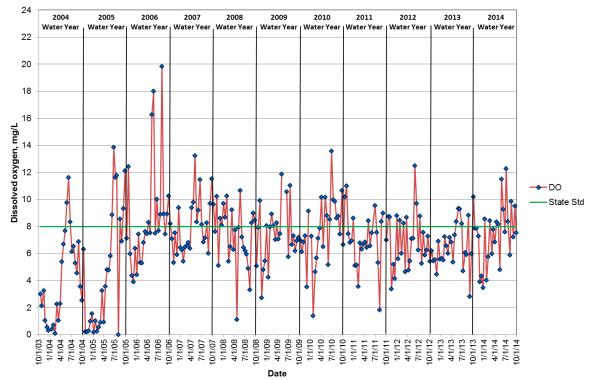
Carpenter Creek/Hill Ditch at Cedardale Road - Site 42 Dissolved Oxygen

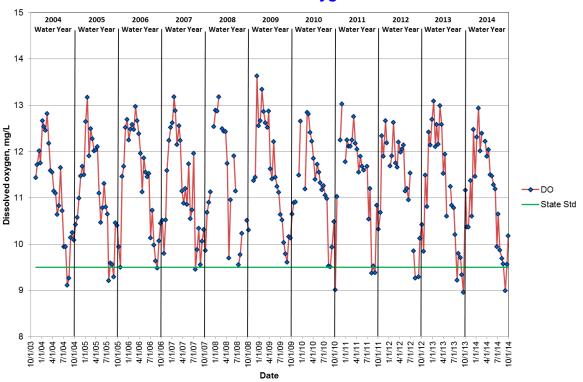




Wiley Slough at Wylie Road - Site 43 Dissolved Oxygen

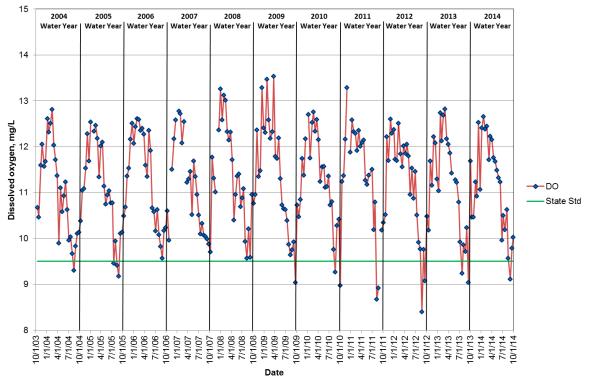


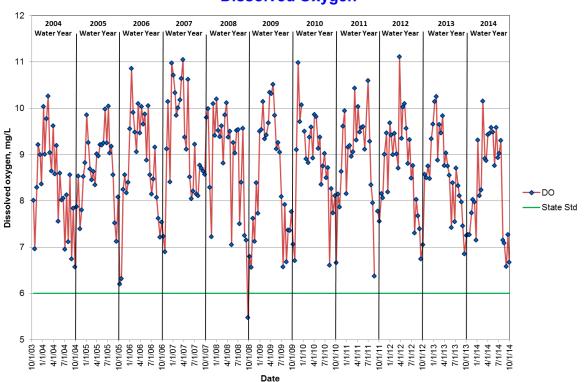




North Fork Skagit River near Moore Road - Site 45 Dissolved Oxygen

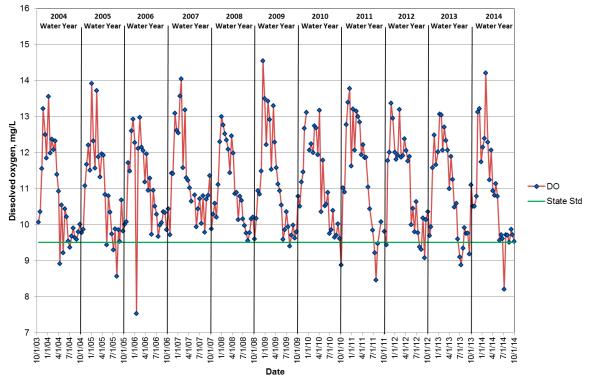






Swinomish Channel at County Boat Ramp - Site 47 Dissolved Oxygen





Fecal Coliform

Fecal coliform is a measurement of the amount of enteric bacteria from warm-blooded animals present in a watercourse. Although fecal coliform measurements do not directly quantify disease-causing organisms, they serve as an indicator of the possible presence of such bacteria.

Samples for fecal coliform measurements are taken at each site during each visit and submitted to the Skagit County Health Department Water Lab (2003-2008) or Edge Analytical (2009-2014) for analysis by the Most Probable Number method.

Fecal coliform measurements for the 2014 water year, in "most probable number" (mpn) per 100 ml, are summarized in Table 7. State standards for fecal coliform are based on the geometric mean of the samples as well as the percent of the samples that exceed given criteria. For most of the watercourses in the Skagit County Monitoring Program (sites 3-20, 28-29, 31-46, 48), fecal coliform is not to exceed a geometric mean of 100 mpn, with no more than 10% of the measurements exceeding 200 mpn. For the upriver sites (sites 21-25, 30), the standard is a geometric mean of 50 mpn, with no more than 10% of the measurements exceeding 100 mpn. For the marine site (site 47), a more stringent standard of 14 mpn with no more than 10% exceeding 41 mpn is enforced to protect shellfish beds.

Table 8 gives the geometric mean fecal coliform at each site for the last five years of the study. All Skagit River sites (sites 29, 30, 45, and 46) and Swinomish Channel (site 47) met the state standard for fecal coliform for the last five years. Most other watercourses in the Skagit County Monitoring Program did not meet the standard at some point during the study. For the 2014 water year, 17 sites met the standard based on ambient sampling for the entire water year, which is more than the 15 sites in 2013. Storm sampling in the Samish Basin continues to show excessive fecal coliform during rain events.

The 2008 water year was marked by several incidents of high fecal coliform counts at County monitoring stations in the Samish Bay Watershed. Each incident was triggered by moderate to heavy rainfall. These high counts resulted in at least four closures of the Samish Bay shellfish beds to commercial harvest. The most serious incident resulted in a mandatory closure of Samish Bay in response to a sample count of 17,000 mpn units/100 mL from the Samish River at Thomas Road on April 29, 2008.

The 2009, 2010, and 2011 water years saw continued high fecal coliform counts in the Samish River and elsewhere in the Samish Bay Watershed, and many additional closures of shellfish beds. County and Storm Team volunteer monitoring continued to document the relationship between high rainfall events and excess fecal coliform. This continuing situation prompted the Washington State Department of Ecology to initiate the Clean Samish Initiative, a partnership of over 20 Federal, State, and County governmental organizations as well as shellfish industry and non-profit groups. This effort is aimed at making immediate improvements in the Samish Bay Watershed fecal coliform situation. Although state standard exceedances and shellfish bed closures continued during 2014, average fecal coliform counts and loading of bacteria to Samish Bay have declined.

The sources of fecal coliform organisms reaching the watercourses of Skagit County could include runoff from failing septic tanks, livestock operations, wildlife, recreationists, and pets. Methods to identify bacterial sources are under development but are expensive and not necessarily ready for widespread application. Skagit County received grant funding from EPA to support a program to identify sources of fecal coliform pollution in the Samish Basin through a Pollution Identification and Correction program similar to Kitsap County's program. This program is now in full operation. A full report of Clean Samish Initiative activities will be published separately.

Graphs on the pages following Table 8 illustrate fecal coliform levels for water years 2003-2014 at each of the sample sites. The scale on each graph differs in order to fully illustrate the variability at each site.

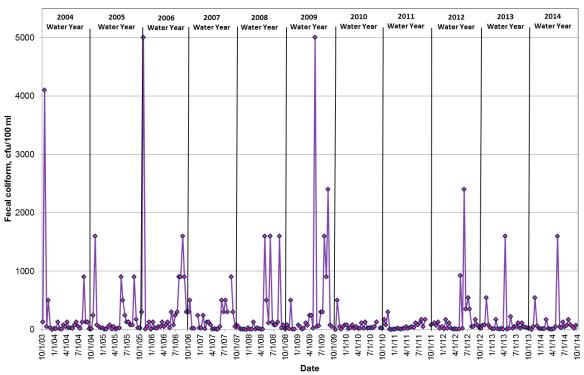
Site				Geometric mean	% > 100 or
Number	Watercourse	Location	Number	$(mpn)^1$	200 ¹
3	Thomas Creek	Old Hwy 99 N	26	37	8
4	Thomas Creek	F&S Grade Rd	26	84	19
6	Friday Creek	Prairie Rd	26	28	0
8	Swede Creek	Grip Rd	25	34	4
11	Samish River	State Route 9	26	10	0
12	Nookachamps Creek	Swan Rd	26	54	8
13	E.F. Nookachamps Creek	State Route 9	26	48	12
14	College Way Creek	College Way	27	101	30
15	Nookachamps Creek	Knapp Rd	27	49	11
16	E.F. Nookachamps Creek	Beaver Lake Rd	27	19	11
17	Nookachamps Creek	Big Lake Outlet	27	9	0
18	Lake Creek	State Route 9	27	41	19
19	Hansen Creek	Hoehn Rd	25	186	48
20	Hansen Creek	Northern State	25	34	8
21	Coal Creek	Hoehn Rd	23	66	39
22	Coal Creek	Hwy 20	26	15	19
23	Wiseman Creek	Minkler Rd	23	13	17
24	Mannser Creek	Lyman Hamilton Hwy	26	11	8
25	Red Cabin Creek	Hamilton Cemetery Rd	23	10	13
28	Brickyard Creek	Hwy 20	21	58	24
29	Skagit River	River Bend Rd	27	5	0
30	Skagit River	Cape Horn Rd	26	5	0
31	Drainage Dist 20 floodgate	Francis Rd	11	11	0
32	Samish River	Thomas Rd	25	47	4
33	Alice Bay Pump Station	Samish Island Rd	25	63	20
34	No Name Slough	Bayview-Edison Rd	26	64	19
35	Joe Leary Slough	D'Arcy Rd	25	120	40
36	Edison Slough at school	W. Bow Hill Rd	26	102	39
37	Edison Pump Station	Farm to Market Rd	23	197	44
38	North Edison Pump Station	North Edison Rd	26	285	58
39	Colony Creek	Colony Rd	25	81	44
40	Big Indian Slough	Bayview-Edison Rd	27	32	4
41	Maddox Slough/Big Ditch	Milltown Rd	27	95	19
42	Hill Ditch	Cedardale Rd	27	67	19
43	Wiley Slough	Wylie Rd	27	45	7
44	Sullivan Slough	La Conner-Bayview Rd	27	75	26
45	Skagit River – North Fork	Moore Rd	26	6	0
46	Skagit River – South Fork	Fir Island Rd	27	7	0
47	Swinomish Channel	County Boat Launch	27	5	4
48	Fisher Creek	Franklin Rd	27	50	22

Table 7. 2014 Fecal Coliform ResultsSummary of Fecal Coliform Readings in Skagit County Monitoring Program2014 Water Year

¹ State water quality standards for fecal coliform requires water bodies to have a geometric mean of less than 50 (sites 21-25,30) or 100 (sites 3-20,28-29, 31-46, 48) colony forming units (cfu) or Most Probable Number (mpn) per 100 ml and less than 10% of the samples >100 (sites 21-25,30) or >200 cfu (sites 3-20,28-29, 31-46, 48). Marine locations (site 47) are required to be <14 cfu with no more than 10% >41 cfu.

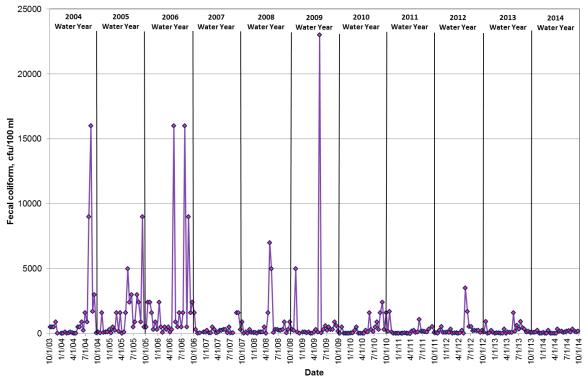
Site							
Number	Watercourse	Location	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
3	Thomas Creek	Old Hwy 99 N	36	37	61	41	37
4	Thomas Creek	F&S Grade Rd	156	97	139	134	84
6	Friday Creek	Prairie Rd	35	45	44	31	28
8	Swede Creek	Grip Rd	61	46	57	51	34
11	Samish River	State Route 9	17	9	15	14	10
12	Nookachamps Creek	Swan Rd	72	51	47	68	54
13	E.F. Nookachamps Creek	State Route 9	59	46	47	55	48
14	College Way Creek	College Way	307	74	90	131	101
15	Nookachamps Creek	Knapp Rd	79	84	99	58	49
16	E.F. Nookachamps Creek	Beaver Lake Rd	25	18	25	32	19
17	Nookachamps Creek	Big Lake Outlet	14	6	11	15	9
18	Lake Creek	State Route 9	69	38	36	48	41
19	Hansen Creek	Hoehn Rd	92	65	87	67	186
20	Hansen Creek	Northern State	53	27	43	46	34
21	Coal Creek	Hoehn Rd	69	43	95	59	66
22	Coal Creek	Hwy 20	17	5	20	13	15
23	Wiseman Creek	Minkler Rd	13	7	15	11	13
24	Mannser Creek	Lyman Hamilton Hwy	10	8	15	12	11
25	Red Cabin Creek	Hamilton Cemetery Rd	16	5	7	7	10
28	Brickyard Creek	Hwy 20	72	56	67	41	58
29	Skagit River	River Bend Rd	15	9	9	7	5
30	Skagit River	Cape Horn Rd	5	4	3	4	5
31	Drainage District 20 floodgate	Francis Rd	23	41	33	17	11
32	Samish River	Thomas Rd	43	41	52	42	47
33	Alice Bay Pump Station	Samish Island Rd	33	59	51	70	63
34	No Name Slough	Bayview-Edison Rd	216	102	110	131	64
35	Joe Leary Slough	D'Arcy Rd	85	54	56	125	120
36	Edison Slough at school	W. Bow Hill Rd	84	48	64	66	102
37	Edison Pump Station	Farm to Market Rd	120	74	87	267	197
38	North Edison Pump Station	North Edison Rd	183	144	205	148	285
39	Colony Creek	Colony Rd	82	51	55	54	81
40	Big Indian Slough	Bayview-Edison Rd	122	104	55	43	32
41	Maddox Slough/Big Ditch	Milltown Rd	34	32	70	104	95
42	Hill Ditch	Cedardale Rd	66	38	76	81	67
43	Wiley Slough	Wylie Rd	44	58	63	118	45
44	Sullivan Slough	La Conner-Bayview Rd	68	125	88	176	75
45	Skagit River – North Fork	Moore Rd	11	5	6	7	6
46	Skagit River – South Fork	Fir Island Rd	12	8	7	7	7
47	Swinomish Channel	County Boat Launch	6	5	7	0	5
48	Fisher Creek	Franklin Rd	56	44	56	138	50

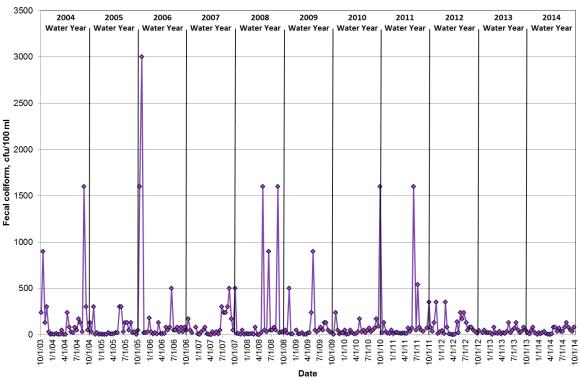
Table 8. Five-Year Fecal Coliform Results SummaryGeometric mean fecal coliform levels (cfu/100 mL) for the last five years of the
Skagit County Monitoring Program



Thomas Creek at Highway 99 - Site 3 Fecal Coliform

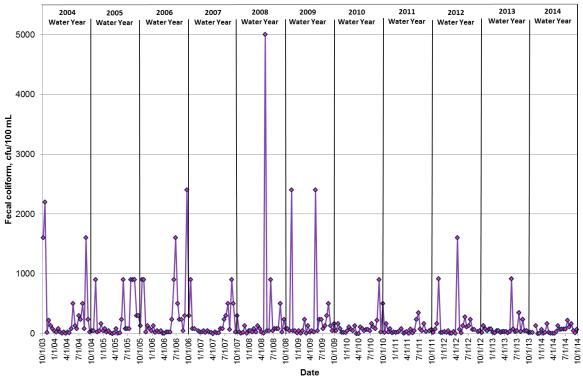


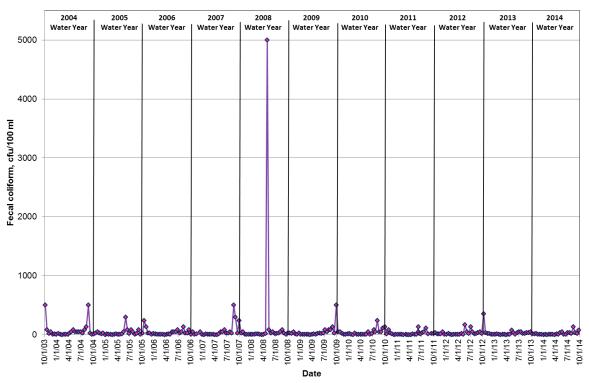




Friday Creek at Prairie Road - Site 6 Fecal Coliform

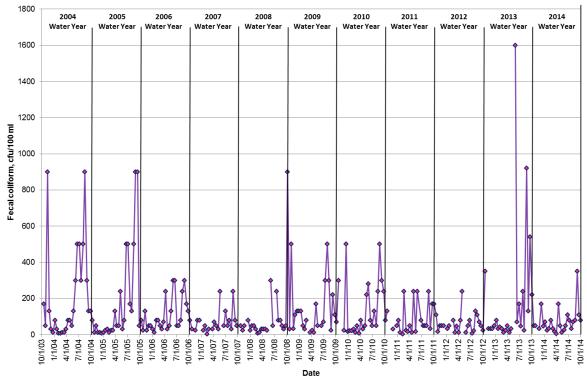


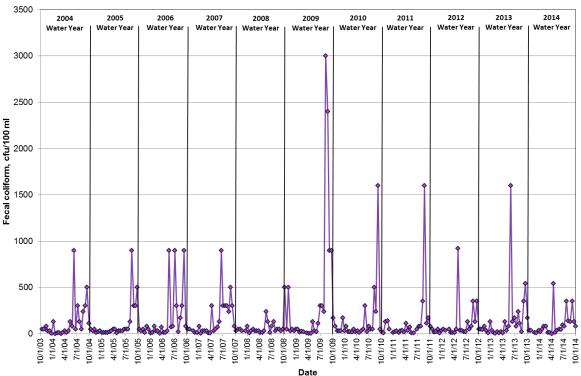




Samish River at Highway 9 - Site 11 Fecal Coliform

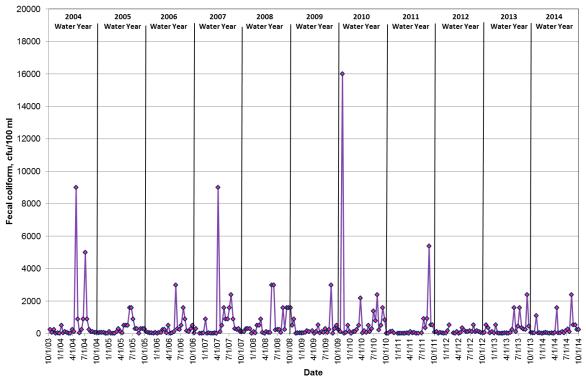


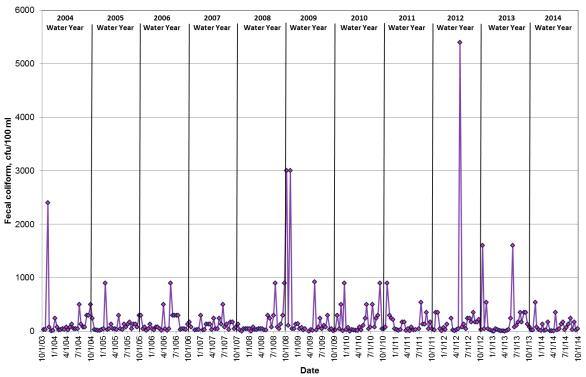




East Fork Nookachamps Creek at Highway 9 - Site 13 Fecal Coliform

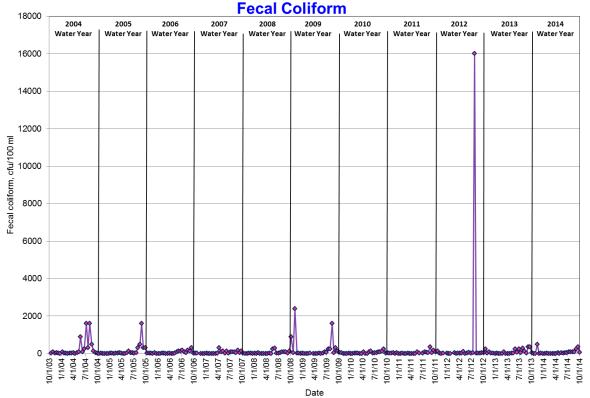


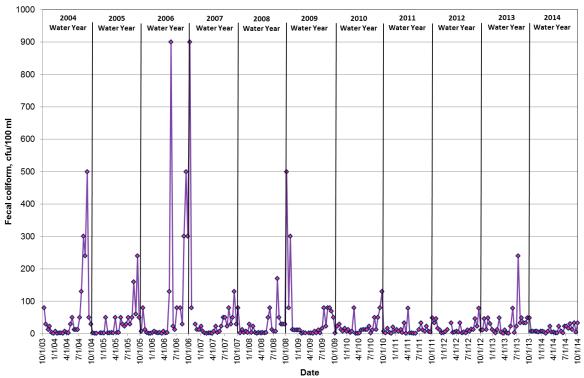




Nookachamps Creek at Knapp Road - Site 15 Fecal Coliform

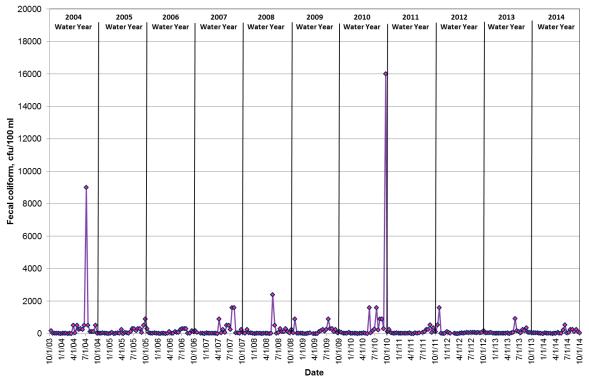
East Fork Nookachamps Creek at Beaver Lake Road - Site 16

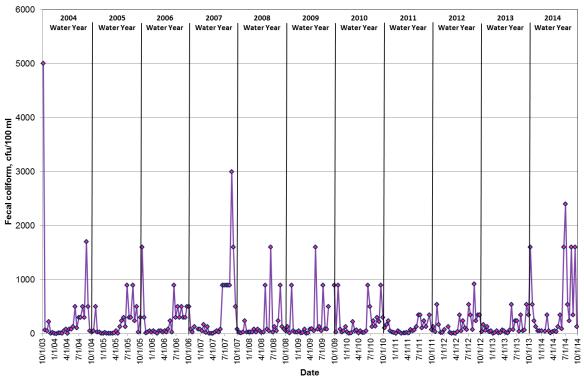




Nookachamps Creek at Big Lake Outlet - Site 17 Fecal Coliform

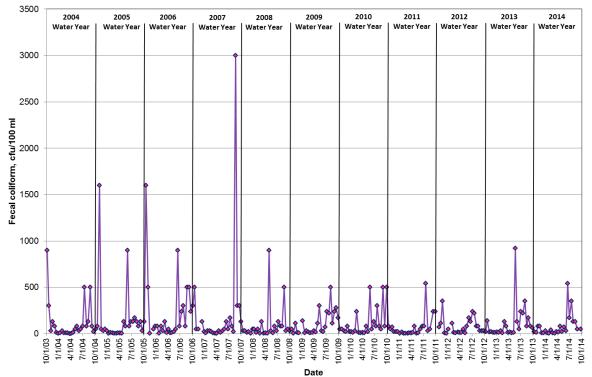


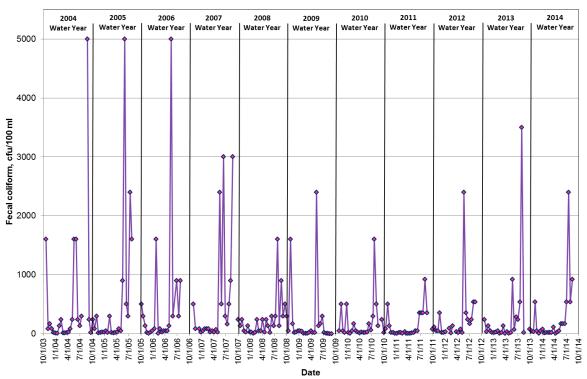




Hansen Creek at Hoehn Road - Site 19 Fecal Coliform

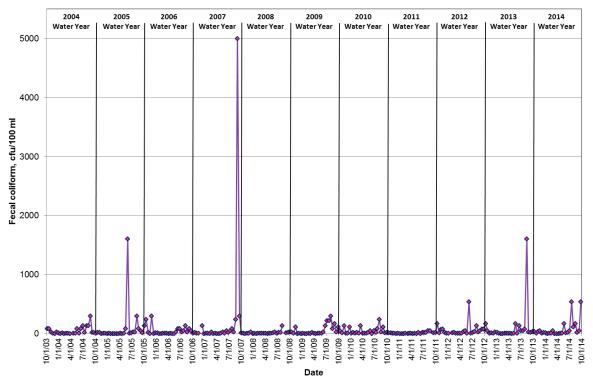


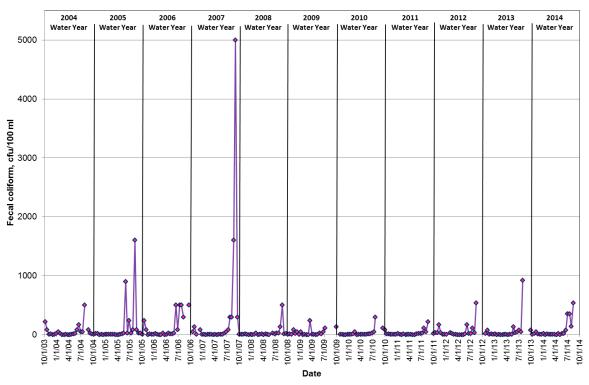




Coal Creek at Hoehn Road - Site 21 Fecal Coliform

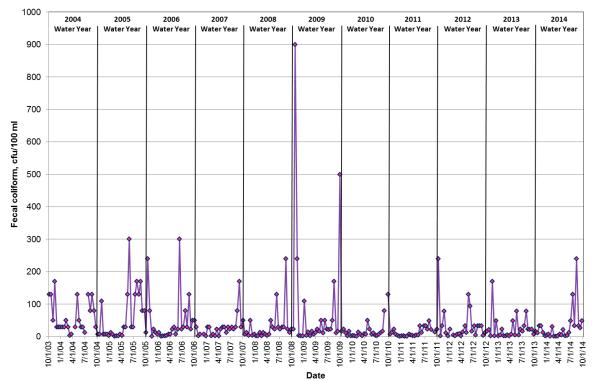


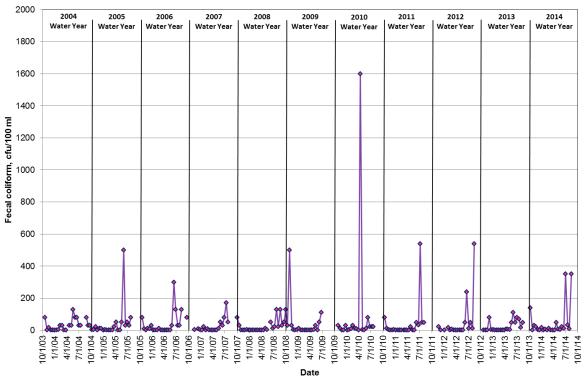




Wiseman Creek at Minkler Road - Site 23 Fecal Coliform

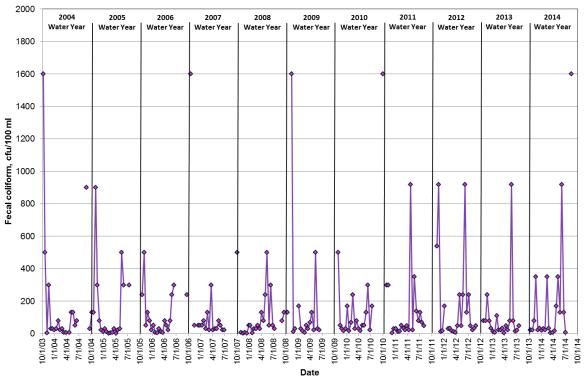
Mannser Creek at Lyman-Hamilton Highway - Site 24 Fecal Coliform

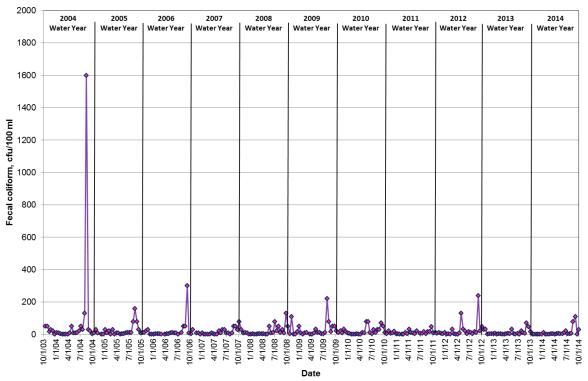




Red Cabin Creek at Hamilton Cemetery Road - Site 25 Fecal Coliform

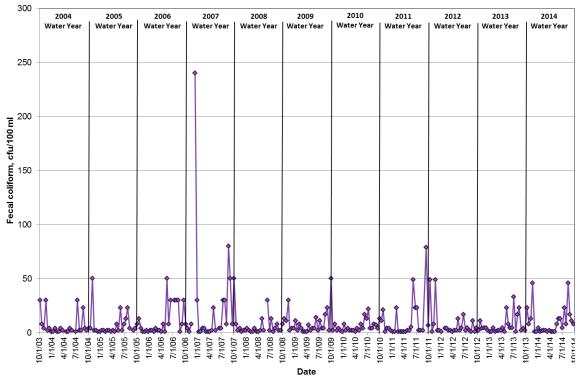


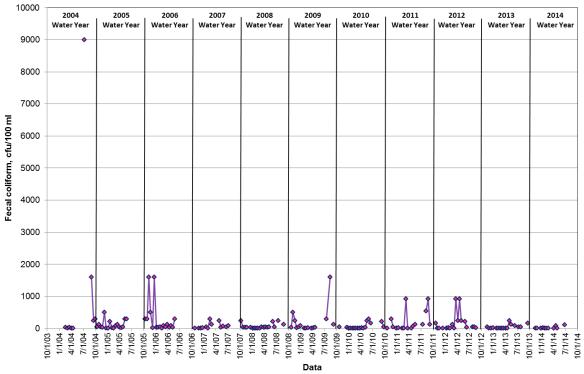




Skagit River at River Bend Road - Site 29 Fecal Coliform

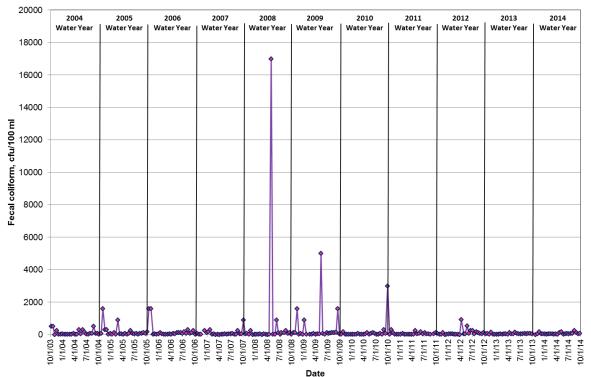


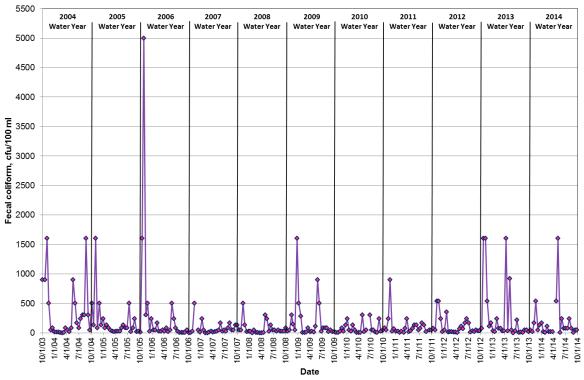




Drainage District 20 Ditch at Floodgate - Site 31 Fecal Coliform

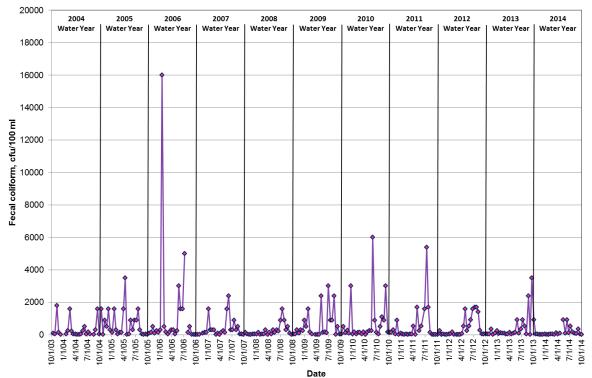


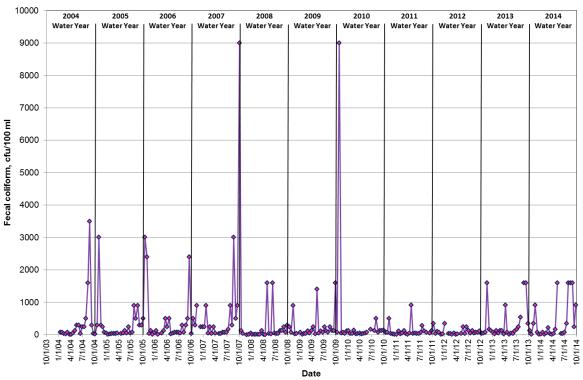




Alice Bay Pump Station - Site 33 Fecal Coliform

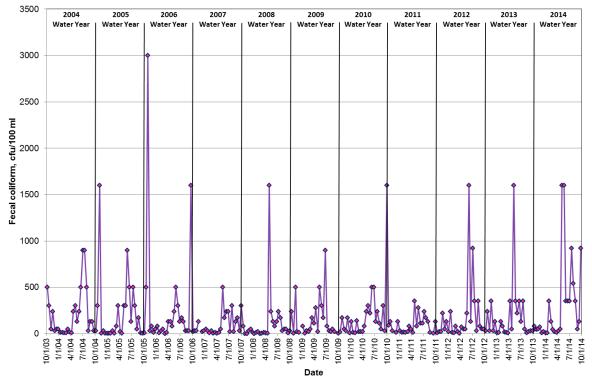
No Name Slough at Bayview-Edison Road - Site 34 Fecal Coliform

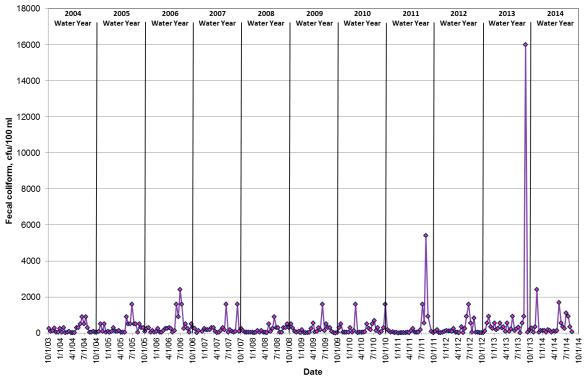




Joe Leary Slough at D'Arcy Road - Site 35 Fecal Coliform

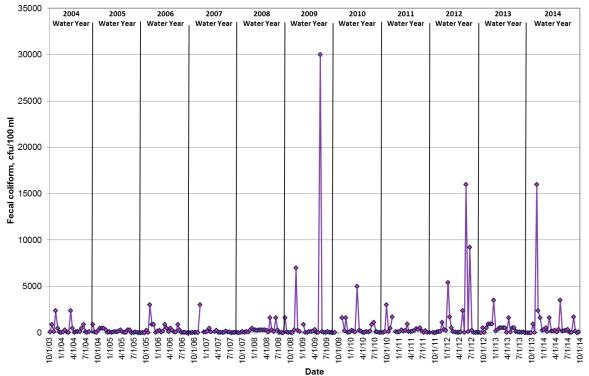


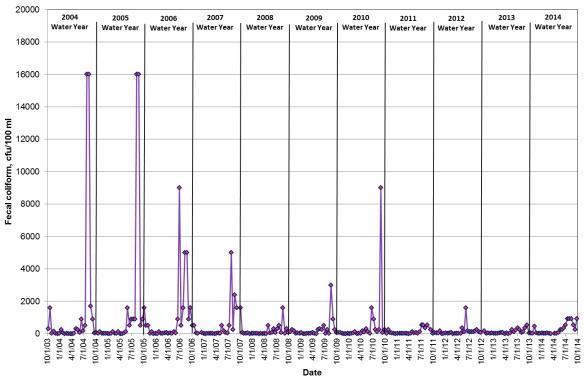




Edison Pump Station - Site 37 Fecal Coliform

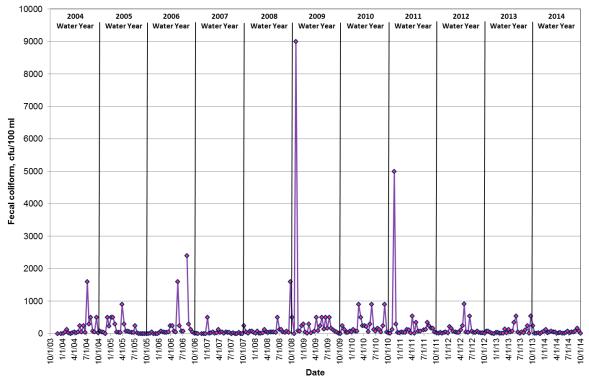


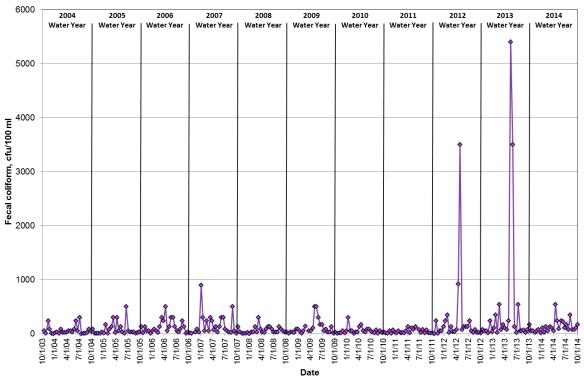




Colony Creek at Colony Road - Site 39 Fecal Coliform

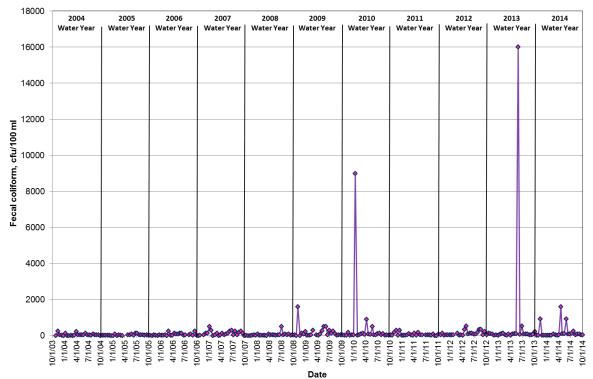


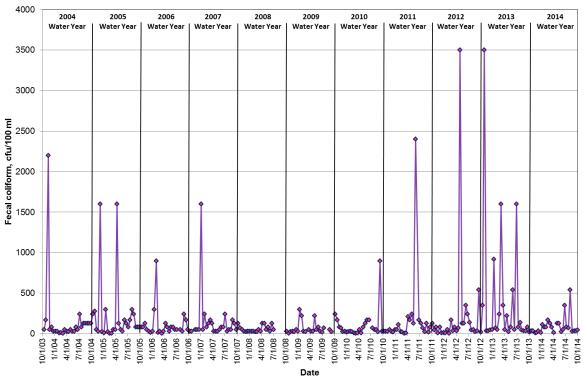




Maddox Creek/Big Ditch at Milltown Road - Site 41 Fecal Coliform

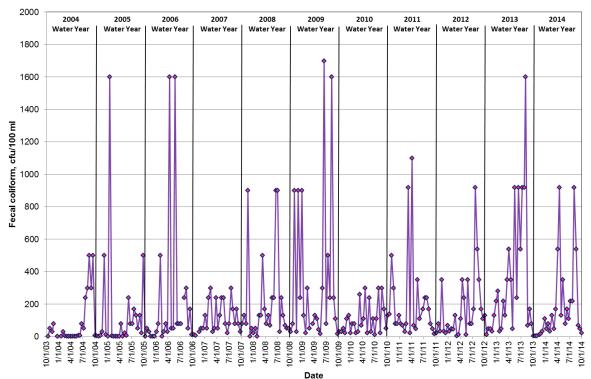
Carpenter Creek/Hill Ditch at Cedardale Road - Site 42 Fecal Coliform

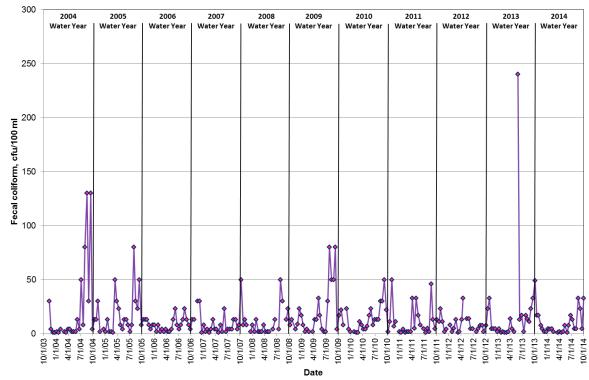




Wiley Slough at Wylie Road - Site 43 Fecal Coliform

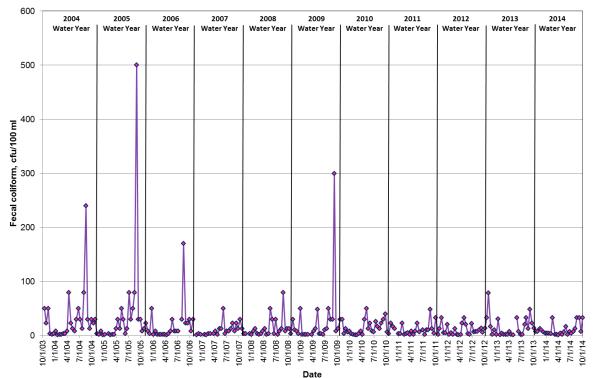
Sullivan Slough at LaConner-Whitney Road - Site 44 Fecal Coliform

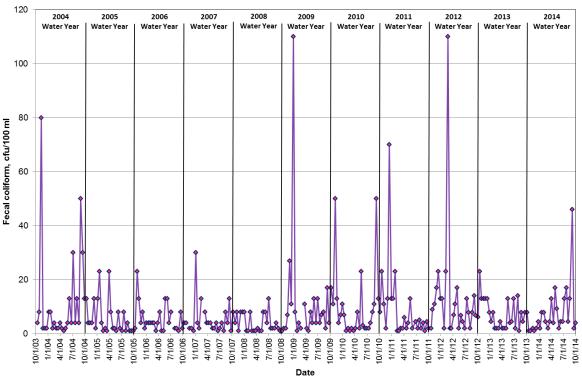




North Fork Skagit River near Moore Road - Site 45 Fecal Coliform

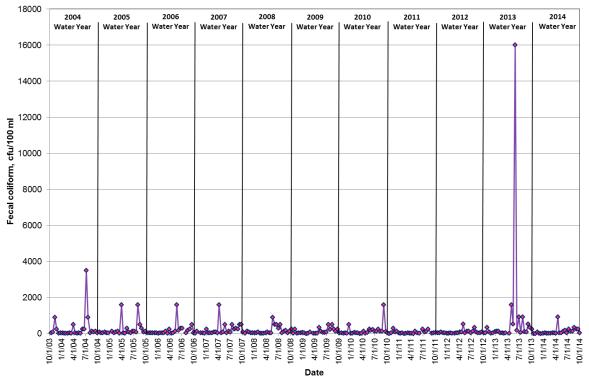
South Fork Skagit River at Conway Boat Ramp - Site 46 Fecal Coliform





Swinomish Channel at County Boat Ramp - Site 47 Fecal Coliform





Nutrients

Water samples for measurement of plant nutrients were taken at each station quarterly. Samples were analyzed by Edge Analytical of Burlington, WA. Table 9 gives mean nutrient values for selected parameters for the 2014 water year. All nutrient values are included in Appendix A, with summary statistics found in Appendix B.

Nutrient levels in watercourses determine the potential for algal activity. Excessive nutrient levels can lead to large blooms of algae, which can increase dissolved oxygen levels during the day but lead to large decreases in dissolved oxygen at night when the algae are respiring, and also when the algae die and decompose.

Most of the streams in the program showed moderate levels of total nitrogen, ammonia, and total phosphorus. The drainage infrastructure sampling sites generally had similar total phosphorus values and higher levels of total nitrogen and ammonia compared to the stream stations.

There are no numeric state standards for nutrients as factors in algal blooms. However, the state has both acute and chronic water quality standards for ammonia toxicity that are calculated from the ammonia level combined with the water temperature and pH for each individual ammonia measurement. Calculation of ammonia standards for a few individual readings suggests that some Skagit County watercourses would exceed the state standards on rare occasions.

Table 9. 2014 Nutrient ResultsMean Nutrient Values (Mg/L) for watercourses in the Skagit County Monitoring Program,
2014 Water Year

Number Watercourse Location Ntrogen ¹ Phosphorus Ammonia 3 Thomas Creek Old Hwy 99 N 0.79 0.07 0.13 4 Thomas Creek F&S Grade Rd 0.51 0.06 0.05 6 Friday Creek Prairie Rd 0.40 0.06 0.04 8 Swede Creek Grip Rd 0.48 0.052 0.06 0.09 11 Samish River State Route 9 0.40 0.04 0.06 0.09 12 Nookachamps Creek State Route 9 0.40 0.06 0.08 14 College Way Creek College Way 0.57 0.06 0.08 15 Nookachamps Creek Bia Lake Ottlet 0.46 0.04 0.05 18 Lake Creek State Route 9 0.39 0.04 0.04 20 Hansen Creek Hoehn Rd 0.34 0.06 0.03 21 Coal Creek Hoehn Rd 0.34 0.06 0.02	Site			Total	Total	
4 Thomas Creek F&S Grade Rd 0.51 0.06 0.05 6 Friday Creek Prairie Rd 0.40 0.06 0.04 8 Swede Creek Grip Rd 0.48 0.05 0.05 11 Samish River State Route 9 0.30 0.05 0.09 12 Nookachamps Creek State Route 9 0.40 0.06 0.08 14 College Way Creek College Way 0.57 0.06 0.08 15 Nookachamps Creek Beaver Lake Rd 0.32 0.04 0.03 17 Nookachamps Creek Big Lake Outlet 0.46 0.04 0.05 18 Lake Creek State Route 9 0.39 0.04 0.04 20 Hansen Creek Hoehn Rd 0.34 0.06 0.03 21 Coal Creek Hoy 20 0.33 0.07 0.02 23 Wiseman Creek Lyman Hamilton Hwy 0.36 0.04 0.03 22 Coal Creek <th>Number</th> <th>Watercourse</th> <th>Location</th> <th>Nitrogen¹</th> <th>Phosphorus</th> <th>Ammonia</th>	Number	Watercourse	Location	Nitrogen ¹	Phosphorus	Ammonia
6 Friday Creek Prairie Rd 0.40 0.06 0.04 8 Swede Creek Grip Rd 0.48 0.05 0.05 11 Samish River State Route 9 0.30 0.05 0.09 12 Nookachamps Creek Swan Rd 0.52 0.06 0.09 13 E.F. Nookachamps Creek State Route 9 0.40 0.04 0.06 14 College Way Creek College Way 0.57 0.06 0.08 15 Nookachamps Creek Beaver Lake Rd 0.32 0.04 0.03 16 E.F. Nookachamps Creek Big Lake Outlet 0.46 0.04 0.05 18 Lake Creek State Route 9 0.39 0.04 0.04 19 Hansen Creek Hoehn Rd 0.34 0.06 0.03 21 Coal Creek Hwy 20 0.33 0.06 0.02 23 Wiseman Creek Hamilton Hwy 0.36 0.04 0.03 22 Coal Cree	3	Thomas Creek	Old Hwy 99 N	0.79	0.07	0.13
8 Swede Creek Grip Rd 0.48 0.05 0.05 11 Samish River State Route 9 0.30 0.05 0.09 12 Nookachamps Creek Swan Rd 0.52 0.06 0.09 13 E.F. Nookachamps Creek State Route 9 0.40 0.04 0.06 14 College Way Creek College Way 0.57 0.06 0.08 15 Nookachamps Creek Baaver Lake Rd 0.32 0.04 0.03 16 E.F. Nookachamps Creek Big Lake Outlet 0.46 0.04 0.05 18 Lake Creek State Route 9 0.39 0.04 0.04 19 Hansen Creek Hoehn Rd 0.44 0.08 0.02 21 Coal Creek Hovp 20 0.33 0.07 0.02 23 Wiseman Creek Minkler Rd 0.34 0.06 0.03 22 Coal Creek Hamilton Cemetery Rd 0.30 0.05 0.02 24 M	4	Thomas Creek	F&S Grade Rd	0.51	0.06	0.05
11 Samish River State Route 9 0.30 0.05 0.09 12 Nookachamps Creek Swan Rd 0.52 0.06 0.09 13 E.F. Nookachamps Creek State Route 9 0.40 0.04 0.06 14 College Way Creek College Way 0.57 0.06 0.08 15 Nookachamps Creek Beaver Lake Rd 0.32 0.04 0.03 16 E.F. Nookachamps Creek Beaver Lake Rd 0.32 0.04 0.04 17 Nookachamps Creek Big Lake Outlet 0.46 0.04 0.04 18 Lake Creek State Route 9 0.39 0.04 0.04 20 Hansen Creek Hoehn Rd 0.34 0.06 0.03 21 Coal Creek Hoy 20 0.33 0.07 0.02 23 Wiseman Creek Lyman Hamilton Hwy 0.36 0.04 0.03 24 Mannser Creek Hwy 20 0.57 0.05 0.09 25 Red Cabin Creek Hamilton Cemetery Rd	6	Friday Creek	Prairie Rd	0.40	0.06	0.04
12 Nookachamps Creek Swan Rd 0.52 0.06 0.09 13 E.F. Nookachamps Creek State Route 9 0.40 0.04 0.06 14 College Way Creek College Way 0.57 0.06 0.08 15 Nookachamps Creek Knapp Rd 0.66 0.08 0.11 16 E.F. Nookachamps Creek Beaver Lake Rd 0.32 0.04 0.03 17 Nookachamps Creek Big Lake Outlet 0.46 0.04 0.04 18 Lake Creek Hoehn Rd 0.44 0.08 0.04 20 Hansen Creek Hoehn Rd 0.34 0.06 0.03 21 Coal Creek Hwy 20 0.33 0.07 0.02 23 Wiseman Creek Minkler Rd 0.34 0.08 0.02 24 Mannser Creek Hamilton Cemetery Rd 0.30 0.05 0.02 28 Brickyard Creek Hwy 20 0.57 0.05	8	Swede Creek	Grip Rd	0.48	0.05	0.05
13 E.F. Nookachamps Creek State Route 9 0.40 0.04 0.06 14 College Way Creek College Way 0.57 0.06 0.08 15 Nookachamps Creek Knapp Rd 0.66 0.08 0.11 16 E.F. Nookachamps Creek Big Lake Outlet 0.46 0.04 0.03 17 Nookachamps Creek Big Lake Outlet 0.46 0.04 0.05 18 Lake Creek State Route 9 0.39 0.04 0.04 20 Hansen Creek Hoehn Rd 0.34 0.06 0.03 21 Coal Creek Hoehn Rd 0.34 0.06 0.03 22 Coal Creek Hwy 20 0.33 0.07 0.02 23 Wiseman Creek Lyman Hamilton Hwy 0.36 0.04 0.03 24 Mannser Creek Hamilton Cemetery Rd 0.30 0.05 0.02 28 Brickyard Creek Hwy 20 0.57 0.05 0.09 29 Skagit River Cape Horn Rd	11	Samish River	State Route 9	0.30	0.05	0.09
14 College Way Creek College Way 0.57 0.06 0.08 15 Nookachamps Creek Knapp Rd 0.66 0.08 0.11 16 E.F. Nookachamps Creek Beaver Lake Rd 0.32 0.04 0.03 17 Nookachamps Creek Big Lake Outlet 0.46 0.04 0.04 18 Lake Creek State Route 9 0.39 0.04 0.04 20 Hansen Creek Hoehn Rd 0.34 0.06 0.03 21 Coal Creek Hoey 20 0.33 0.07 0.02 23 Wiseman Creek Minkler Rd 0.34 0.06 0.03 22 Coal Creek Hwy 20 0.57 0.05 0.02 24 Mannser Creek Lyman Hamilton Hwy 0.36 0.04 0.03 25 Ref Cabin Creek Hamilton Cemetery Rd 0.30 0.05 0.02 28 Brickyard Creek Hwy 20 0.57 0.05 0.02 30 Skag	12	Nookachamps Creek	Swan Rd	0.52	0.06	0.09
15 Nookachamps Creek Knapp Rd 0.66 0.08 0.11 16 E.F. Nookachamps Creek Beaver Lake Rd 0.32 0.04 0.03 17 Nookachamps Creek Big Lake Outlet 0.46 0.04 0.04 18 Lake Creek State Route 9 0.39 0.04 0.04 20 Hansen Creek Hoehn Rd 0.44 0.08 0.04 20 Hansen Creek Hoehn Rd 0.34 0.06 0.03 21 Coal Creek Hoehn Rd 0.34 0.06 0.03 22 Coal Creek Hwy 20 0.33 0.07 0.02 23 Wiseman Creek Lyman Hamilton Hwy 0.36 0.04 0.03 24 Mannser Creek Hwy 20 0.57 0.05 0.02 28 Brickyard Creek Hwy 20 0.57 0.05 0.02 29 Skagit River Cape Horn Rd 0.27 0.06 0.02 31 Drainage Dist 20 floodgate	13	E.F. Nookachamps Creek	State Route 9	0.40	0.04	0.06
16E.F. Nookachamps CreekBeaver Lake Rd 0.32 0.04 0.03 17Nookachamps CreekBig Lake Outlet 0.46 0.04 0.05 18Lake CreekState Route 9 0.39 0.04 0.04 19Hansen CreekNorthern Rd 0.44 0.08 0.04 20Hansen CreekNorthern State 0.39 0.12 0.03 21Coal CreekHoehn Rd 0.34 0.06 0.03 22Coal CreekHwy 20 0.33 0.07 0.02 23Wiseman CreekHimkler Rd 0.34 0.08 0.02 24Mannser CreekLyman Hamilton Hwy 0.36 0.04 0.03 25Red Cabin CreekHamilton Cemetery Rd 0.30 0.05 0.02 28Brickyard CreekHwy 20 0.57 0.05 0.09 29Skagit RiverRiver Bend Rd 0.33 0.06 0.02 31Drainage Dist 20 floodgateFrancis Rd 1.01 0.08 0.13 32Samish RiverThomas Rd 0.40 0.07 0.07 33Alice Bay Pump StationSamish Island Rd 3.05 0.50 1.25 34No Name SloughBayview-Edison Rd 1.47 0.52 0.32 35Joe Leary SloughD'Arcy Rd 1.25 0.21 0.62 36Edison Pump StationFarm to Market Rd 3.09 0.82 1.58 38North Edison Pump Station <td>14</td> <td>College Way Creek</td> <td>College Way</td> <td>0.57</td> <td>0.06</td> <td>0.08</td>	14	College Way Creek	College Way	0.57	0.06	0.08
17 Nookachamps Creek Big Lake Outlet 0.46 0.04 0.05 18 Lake Creek State Route 9 0.39 0.04 0.04 19 Hansen Creek Hoehn Rd 0.44 0.08 0.04 20 Hansen Creek Northern State 0.39 0.12 0.03 21 Coal Creek Hoehn Rd 0.34 0.06 0.03 22 Coal Creek Hwy 20 0.33 0.07 0.02 23 Wiseman Creek Lyman Hamilton Hwy 0.36 0.04 0.03 24 Mannser Creek Lyman Hamilton Cemetery Rd 0.30 0.05 0.02 28 Brickyard Creek Hwy 20 0.57 0.05 0.09 29 Skagit River Cape Horn Rd 0.27 0.06 0.02 31 Drainage Dist 20 floodgate Francis Rd 1.01 0.08 0.13 32 Samish River Thomas Rd 3.05 0.50 1.25 34 No N	15	Nookachamps Creek	Knapp Rd	0.66	0.08	0.11
18 Lake Creek State Route 9 0.39 0.04 0.04 19 Hansen Creek Hoehn Rd 0.44 0.08 0.04 20 Hansen Creek Northern State 0.39 0.12 0.03 21 Coal Creek Hoehn Rd 0.34 0.06 0.03 22 Coal Creek Hwy 20 0.33 0.07 0.02 23 Wiseman Creek Lyman Hamilton Hwy 0.36 0.04 0.03 24 Mannser Creek Lyman Hamilton Cemetery Rd 0.30 0.05 0.02 28 Brickyard Creek Hwy 20 0.57 0.05 0.09 29 Skagit River Cape Horn Rd 0.27 0.06 0.02 31 Drainage Dist 20 floodgate Francis Rd 1.01 0.08 0.13 32 Samish River Thomas Rd 0.40 0.07 0.07 33 Alice Bay Pump Station Samish Island Rd 3.05 0.50 1.25 34 <t< td=""><td>16</td><td>E.F. Nookachamps Creek</td><td>Beaver Lake Rd</td><td>0.32</td><td>0.04</td><td>0.03</td></t<>	16	E.F. Nookachamps Creek	Beaver Lake Rd	0.32	0.04	0.03
19 Hansen Creek Hoehn Rd 0.44 0.08 0.04 20 Hansen Creek Northern State 0.39 0.12 0.03 21 Coal Creek Hoehn Rd 0.34 0.06 0.03 22 Coal Creek Hwy 20 0.33 0.07 0.02 23 Wiseman Creek Minkler Rd 0.34 0.08 0.02 24 Mannser Creek Lyman Hamilton Hwy 0.36 0.04 0.03 25 Red Cabin Creek Hamilton Cemetery Rd 0.30 0.05 0.02 28 Brickyard Creek Hwy 20 0.57 0.05 0.09 29 Skagit River Cape Horn Rd 0.27 0.06 0.02 31 Drainage Dist 20 floodgate Francis Rd 1.01 0.08 0.13 32 Samish River Thomas Rd 0.40 0.07 0.07 33 Alice Bay Pump Station Samish Island Rd 3.05 0.50 1.25 34 No	17	Nookachamps Creek	Big Lake Outlet	0.46	0.04	0.05
20Hansen CreekNorthern State 0.39 0.12 0.03 21Coal CreekHoehn Rd 0.34 0.06 0.03 22Coal CreekHwy 20 0.33 0.07 0.02 23Wiseman CreekMinkler Rd 0.34 0.08 0.02 24Mannser CreekLyman Hamilton Hwy 0.36 0.04 0.03 25Red Cabin CreekHamilton Cemetery Rd 0.30 0.05 0.02 28Brickyard CreekHwy 20 0.57 0.05 0.09 29Skagit RiverCape Horn Rd 0.27 0.06 0.02 31Drainage Dist 20 floodgateFrancis Rd 1.01 0.08 0.13 32Samish RiverThomas Rd 0.40 0.07 0.07 33Alice Bay Pump StationSamish Island Rd 3.05 0.50 1.25 34No Name SloughD'Arcy Rd 1.25 0.21 0.62 35Joe Leary SloughD'Arcy Rd 1.31 0.46 0.27 37Edison Pump StationFarm to Market Rd 3.09 0.82 1.58 38North Edison Pump StationFarm to Market Rd 3.09 0.82 1.58 38North Edison Pump StationFarm to Market Rd 3.09 0.82 1.58 39Colony CreekColony Rd 0.66 0.10 0.07 41Maddox Slough/Big DitchMilltown Rd 1.25 0.15 0.41 42Hill Ditch </td <td>18</td> <td>Lake Creek</td> <td>State Route 9</td> <td>0.39</td> <td>0.04</td> <td>0.04</td>	18	Lake Creek	State Route 9	0.39	0.04	0.04
21Coal CreekHochn Rd 0.34 0.06 0.03 22Coal CreekHwy 20 0.33 0.07 0.02 23Wiseman CreekMinkler Rd 0.34 0.08 0.02 24Mannser CreekLyman Hamilton Hwy 0.36 0.04 0.03 25Red Cabin CreekHamilton Cemetery Rd 0.30 0.05 0.02 28Brickyard CreekHwy 20 0.57 0.05 0.09 29Skagit RiverCape Horn Rd 0.27 0.06 0.02 31Drainage Dist 20 floodgateFrancis Rd 1.01 0.08 0.13 32Samish RiverThomas Rd 0.40 0.07 0.07 33Alice Bay Pump StationSamish Island Rd 3.05 0.50 1.25 34No Name SloughBayview-Edison Rd 1.47 0.52 0.32 35Joe Leary SloughD'Arcy Rd 1.25 0.21 0.62 36Edison Slough at schoolW. Bow Hill Rd 1.31 0.46 0.27 37Edison Pump StationFarm to Market Rd 3.09 0.82 1.58 38North Edison Pump StationFarm to Market Rd 0.66 0.10 0.07 41Maddox Slough/Big DitchMilltown Rd 1.25 0.15 0.41 42Hill DitchCedardale Rd 0.61 0.08 0.09 43Wiley SloughWylie Rd 1.43 0.25 0.64 44Sullivan Sloug	19	Hansen Creek	Hoehn Rd	0.44	0.08	0.04
22Coal CreekHwy 20 0.33 0.07 0.02 23Wiseman CreekMinkler Rd 0.34 0.08 0.02 24Mannser CreekLyman Hamilton Hwy 0.36 0.04 0.03 25Red Cabin CreekHamilton Cemetery Rd 0.30 0.05 0.02 28Brickyard CreekHwy 20 0.57 0.05 0.09 29Skagit RiverRiver Bend Rd 0.33 0.06 0.05 30Skagit RiverCape Horn Rd 0.27 0.06 0.02 31Drainage Dist 20 floodgateFrancis Rd 1.01 0.08 0.13 32Samish RiverThomas Rd 0.40 0.07 0.07 33Alice Bay Pump StationSamish Island Rd 3.05 0.50 1.25 34No Name SloughBayview-Edison Rd 1.47 0.52 0.32 35Joe Leary SloughD'Arcy Rd 1.25 0.21 0.62 36Edison Slough at schoolW. Bow Hill Rd 1.31 0.46 0.27 37Edison Pump StationFarm to Market Rd 3.09 0.82 1.58 38North Edison Pump StationNorth Edison Rd 1.04 0.11 0.39 41Maddox Slough/Big DitchMilltown Rd 1.25 0.15 0.41 42Hill DitchCedardale Rd 0.61 0.08 0.09 43Wiley SloughWylie Rd 1.43 0.25 0.64 44Sullivan	20	Hansen Creek	Northern State	0.39	0.12	0.03
23Wiseman CreekMinkler Rd 0.34 0.08 0.02 24Mannser CreekLyman Hamilton Hwy 0.36 0.04 0.03 25Red Cabin CreekHamilton Cemetery Rd 0.30 0.05 0.02 28Brickyard CreekHwy 20 0.57 0.05 0.09 29Skagit RiverRiver Bend Rd 0.33 0.06 0.05 30Skagit RiverCape Horn Rd 0.27 0.06 0.02 31Drainage Dist 20 floodgateFrancis Rd 1.01 0.08 0.13 32Samish RiverThomas Rd 0.40 0.07 0.07 33Alice Bay Pump StationSamish Island Rd 3.05 0.50 1.25 34No Name SloughBayview-Edison Rd 1.47 0.52 0.32 35Joe Leary SloughD'Arcy Rd 1.25 0.21 0.62 36Edison Slough at schoolW. Bow Hill Rd 1.31 0.46 0.77 37Edison Pump StationFarm to Market Rd 3.09 0.82 1.58 38North Edison Pump StationNorth Edison Rd 1.04 0.11 0.39 41Maddox Slough/Big DitchMilltown Rd 1.25 0.15 0.41 42Hill DitchCedardale Rd 0.61 0.08 0.09 43Wiley SloughWylie Rd 1.54 0.32 0.51 44Sullivan Slough ² La Conner-Whitney Rd 1.43 0.25 0.64 <t< td=""><td>21</td><td>Coal Creek</td><td>Hoehn Rd</td><td>0.34</td><td>0.06</td><td>0.03</td></t<>	21	Coal Creek	Hoehn Rd	0.34	0.06	0.03
24Mannser CreekLyman Hamilton Hwy 0.36 0.04 0.03 25Red Cabin CreekHamilton Cemetery Rd 0.30 0.05 0.02 28Brickyard CreekHwy 20 0.57 0.05 0.09 29Skagit RiverRiver Bend Rd 0.33 0.06 0.05 30Skagit RiverCape Horn Rd 0.27 0.06 0.02 31Drainage Dist 20 floodgateFrancis Rd 1.01 0.08 0.13 32Samish RiverThomas Rd 0.40 0.07 0.07 33Alice Bay Pump StationSamish Island Rd 3.05 0.50 1.25 34No Name SloughBayview-Edison Rd 1.47 0.52 0.32 35Joe Leary SloughD'Arcy Rd 1.25 0.21 0.62 36Edison Slough at schoolW. Bow Hill Rd 1.31 0.46 0.27 37Edison Pump StationFarm to Market Rd 3.09 0.82 1.58 38North Edison Pump StationNorth Edison Rd 2.90 0.79 1.18 39Colony CreekColony Rd 0.66 0.10 0.07 41Maddox Slough/Big DitchMilltown Rd 1.25 0.15 0.41 42Hill DitchCedardale Rd 0.61 0.08 0.09 43Wiley SloughWylie Rd 1.54 0.32 0.51 44Sullivan Slough ² La Conner-Whitney Rd 1.43 0.25 0.64	22	Coal Creek	Hwy 20	0.33	0.07	0.02
25Red Cabin CreekHamilton Cemetery Rd 0.30 0.05 0.02 28Brickyard CreekHwy 20 0.57 0.05 0.09 29Skagit RiverRiver Bend Rd 0.33 0.06 0.05 30Skagit RiverCape Horn Rd 0.27 0.06 0.02 31Drainage Dist 20 floodgateFrancis Rd 1.01 0.08 0.13 32Samish RiverThomas Rd 0.40 0.07 0.07 33Alice Bay Pump StationSamish Island Rd 3.05 0.50 1.25 34No Name SloughBayview-Edison Rd 1.47 0.52 0.32 35Joe Leary SloughD'Arcy Rd 1.25 0.21 0.62 36Edison Slough at schoolW. Bow Hill Rd 1.31 0.46 0.27 37Edison Pump StationFarm to Market Rd 3.09 0.82 1.58 38North Edison Pump StationNorth Edison Rd 2.90 0.79 1.18 39Colony CreekColony Rd 0.66 0.10 0.07 40Big Indian SloughBayview-Edison Rd 1.04 0.11 0.39 41Maddox Slough/Big DitchMilltown Rd 1.25 0.15 0.41 42Hill DitchCedardale Rd 0.61 0.08 0.09 43Wiley SloughWylie Rd 1.54 0.32 0.51 44Sullivan Slough ² La Conner-Whitney Rd 1.43 0.25 0.64 <	23	Wiseman Creek	Minkler Rd	0.34	0.08	0.02
28Brickyard CreekHwy 20 0.57 0.05 0.09 29Skagit RiverRiver Bend Rd 0.33 0.06 0.05 30Skagit RiverCape Horn Rd 0.27 0.06 0.02 31Drainage Dist 20 floodgateFrancis Rd 1.01 0.08 0.13 32Samish RiverThomas Rd 0.40 0.07 0.07 33Alice Bay Pump StationSamish Island Rd 3.05 0.50 1.25 34No Name SloughBayview-Edison Rd 1.47 0.52 0.32 35Joe Leary SloughD'Arcy Rd 1.25 0.21 0.62 36Edison Slough at schoolW. Bow Hill Rd 1.31 0.46 0.27 37Edison Pump StationFarm to Market Rd 3.09 0.82 1.58 38North Edison Pump StationNorth Edison Rd 2.90 0.79 1.18 39Colony CreekColony Rd 0.66 0.10 0.07 40Big Indian SloughBayview-Edison Rd 1.04 0.11 0.39 41Maddox Slough/Big DitchMilltown Rd 1.25 0.15 0.41 42Hill DitchCedardale Rd 0.61 0.08 0.09 43Wiley SloughWylie Rd 1.43 0.25 0.64 45Skagit River – North ForkMoore Rd 0.30 0.06 0.03 46Skagit River – South ForkFir Island Rd 0.29 0.05 0.02 <td< td=""><td>24</td><td>Mannser Creek</td><td>Lyman Hamilton Hwy</td><td>0.36</td><td>0.04</td><td>0.03</td></td<>	24	Mannser Creek	Lyman Hamilton Hwy	0.36	0.04	0.03
29Skagit RiverRiver Bend Rd 0.33 0.06 0.05 30Skagit RiverCape Horn Rd 0.27 0.06 0.02 31Drainage Dist 20 floodgateFrancis Rd 1.01 0.08 0.13 32Samish RiverThomas Rd 0.40 0.07 0.07 33Alice Bay Pump StationSamish Island Rd 3.05 0.50 1.25 34No Name SloughBayview-Edison Rd 1.47 0.52 0.32 35Joe Leary SloughD'Arcy Rd 1.25 0.21 0.62 36Edison Slough at schoolW. Bow Hill Rd 1.31 0.46 0.27 37Edison Pump StationFarm to Market Rd 3.09 0.82 1.58 38North Edison Pump StationNorth Edison Rd 2.90 0.79 1.18 39Colony CreekColony Rd 0.66 0.10 0.07 40Big Indian SloughBayview-Edison Rd 1.04 0.11 0.39 41Maddox Slough/Big DitchMilltown Rd 1.25 0.15 0.41 42Hill DitchCedardale Rd 0.61 0.08 0.09 43Wiley SloughWylie Rd 1.43 0.25 0.64 45Skagit River – North ForkMoore Rd 0.30 0.06 0.03 46Skagit River – South ForkFir Island Rd 0.29 0.05 0.02 47Swinomish ChannelCounty Boat Launch 0.34 0.07 0.06 <td>25</td> <td>Red Cabin Creek</td> <td>Hamilton Cemetery Rd</td> <td>0.30</td> <td>0.05</td> <td>0.02</td>	25	Red Cabin Creek	Hamilton Cemetery Rd	0.30	0.05	0.02
30Skagit RiverCape Horn Rd 0.27 0.06 0.02 31Drainage Dist 20 floodgateFrancis Rd 1.01 0.08 0.13 32Samish RiverThomas Rd 0.40 0.07 0.07 33Alice Bay Pump StationSamish Island Rd 3.05 0.50 1.25 34No Name SloughBayview-Edison Rd 1.47 0.52 0.32 35Joe Leary SloughD'Arcy Rd 1.25 0.21 0.62 36Edison Slough at schoolW. Bow Hill Rd 1.31 0.46 0.27 37Edison Pump StationFarm to Market Rd 3.09 0.82 1.58 38North Edison Pump StationNorth Edison Rd 2.90 0.79 1.18 39Colony CreekColony Rd 0.66 0.10 0.07 40Big Indian SloughBayview-Edison Rd 1.04 0.11 0.39 41Maddox Slough/Big DitchMilltown Rd 1.25 0.15 0.41 42Hill DitchCedardale Rd 0.61 0.08 0.09 43Wiley SloughWylie Rd 1.43 0.25 0.64 45Skagit River – North ForkMoore Rd 0.30 0.06 0.03 46Skagit River – South ForkFir Island Rd 0.29 0.05 0.02 47Swinomish ChannelCounty Boat Launch 0.34 0.07 0.06 48Fisher CreekFranklin Rd 0.65 0.18 0.10	28	Brickyard Creek	Hwy 20	0.57	0.05	0.09
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35 Joe Leary Slough D'Arcy Rd 1.25 0.21 0.62 36 Edison Slough at school W. Bow Hill Rd 1.31 0.46 0.27 37 Edison Pump Station Farm to Market Rd 3.09 0.82 1.58 38 North Edison Pump Station North Edison Rd 2.90 0.79 1.18 39 Colony Creek Colony Rd 0.66 0.10 0.07 40 Big Indian Slough Bayview-Edison Rd 1.04 0.11 0.39 41 Maddox Slough/Big Ditch Milltown Rd 1.25 0.15 0.41 42 Hill Ditch Cedardale Rd 0.61 0.08 0.09 43 Wiley Slough Wylie Rd 1.54 0.32 0.51 44 Sullivan Slough ² La Conner-Whitney Rd 1.43 0.25 0.64 45 Skagit River – North Fork Moore Rd 0.30 0.06 0.03 46 Skagit River – South Fork Fir Island Rd 0.29 0.05 0.02 47 Swinomish Channel County Boat Launch 0.34	33	Alice Bay Pump Station	Samish Island Rd	3.05	0.50	1.25
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46Skagit River – South ForkFir Island Rd0.290.050.0247Swinomish ChannelCounty Boat Launch0.340.070.0648Fisher CreekFranklin Rd0.650.180.10	44	Sullivan Slough ²	La Conner-Whitney Rd	1.43	0.25	0.64
47Swinomish ChannelCounty Boat Launch0.340.070.0648Fisher CreekFranklin Rd0.650.180.10	45	Skagit River – North Fork	Moore Rd	0.30	0.06	0.03
48Fisher CreekFranklin Rd0.650.180.10	46	Skagit River – South Fork		0.29	0.05	0.02
	47	Swinomish Channel	County Boat Launch	0.34	0.07	0.06
			Franklin Rd	0.65	0.18	0.10

¹Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen

Other Parameters

The Skagit County Monitoring Program also measures pH, conductivity, and salinity during each visit to each site. Conductivity and salinity are measured to help interpret other water quality parameters. Measurement of pH shows whether a watercourse is within the range that supports aquatic life. In general, pHs in the Skagit program have been within state standards.

Discharge measurements are made in selected locations and are intended to provide a general indication of the flow regime for that watercourse and as an aid in interpreting other water quality parameters. As the Department of Ecology has added several stream gauges in our area, Skagit County has de-emphasized discharge measurement.

Although results for these parameters are not discussed in detail in the main report, all measurements are available in Appendix A and are summarized in Appendix B.

Water Quality Index

The Water Quality Index (WQI) is an indicator developed by the Washington State Department of Ecology as an overall indicator of water quality at a given site. The Index compares typical water quality parameters with established standards and yields a single, unitless number between 1 and 100 to describe the overall water quality of a site at the time of sampling. The Index can then be summarized in a number of ways to give a site an overall score for a water year. The parameters included in the WQI are dissolved oxygen, temperature, pH, turbidity, suspended solids, fecal coliform, and nutrients.

The WQI is best used to answer general questions about the condition of watercourses, such as "What is the general condition of this stream?" or "How does this stream compare to others in the area?" (Hallock 2002). Because the index is a distillation of many parameters, it is unsuitable for answering detailed questions concerning the water quality of an individual stream. As is demonstrated by the Samish River, a stream can have an adequate WQI score based on ambient sampling, but severe pollution problems revealed by storm sampling.

Ecology rates streams with WQI Overall Score of 80 or greater "of lowest concern." Streams with ratings of 40-80 are considered "of moderate concern," while scores less than 40 are considered "of highest concern."

Water Quality Index calculations for the sample sites in the Skagit County Monitoring Program during the 2014 water year are summarized in Table 10 and categorized for the years 2006-2014 in Table 11. Note that although the WQI was designed for freshwater bodies, we have applied the index to the Swinomish Channel monitoring site (Site 47), which is primarily marine. This allows trend detection over time at this station, but the WQI for Site 47 should not be compared to the freshwater sites.

The WQI results show that several watercourses in the study area fall into the "highest concern" category. Most, but not all, are agricultural drainages with little summer flow that are not considered salmonid habitat.

Site Number	Watercourse	Location	Mean WQI	Overall Score*	Max	Min
3	Thomas Creek	Old Hwy 99 N	53	<u>41</u>	87	29
4	Thomas Creek	F&S Grade Rd	91	8 9	96	84
6	Friday Creek	Prairie Rd	90	88	98	79
8	Swede Creek	Grip Rd	82	77	96	64
11	Samish River	State Route 9	75	<mark>68</mark>	96	56
12	Nookachamps Creek	Swan Rd	65	58	88	25
12	E.F. Nookachamps Creek	State Route 9	81	50 76	97	68
13	College Way Creek	College Way	63	70 53	93	28
15	Nookachamps Creek	Knapp Rd	47	<u>31</u>	95 95	20
15	E.F. Nookachamps Creek	Beaver Lake Rd	93	<mark>92</mark>	99	86
10	Nookachamps Creek	Big Lake Outlet	88	60	97	12
18	Lake Creek	State Route 9	91	90	96	83
19	Hansen Creek	Hoehn Rd	70	63	90 94	47
20	Hansen Creek	Northern State	86	82	98	67
20	Coal Creek	Hoehn Rd	80 86	8 <u>2</u> 86	98 95	79
21	Coal Creek	Hwy 20	80 89	85 85	95 99	64
22	Wiseman Creek	Minkler Rd	89 72	83 96	100	88
23 24			55	50		
24 25	Mannser Creek Red Cabin Creek	Lyman Hamilton Hwy	55 97		68 99	44 94
23 28		Hamilton Cemetery Rd	97 84	<mark>97</mark> 84	99 95	
28 29	Brickyard Creek	Hwy 20 River Bend Rd	84 95	<mark>84</mark> 04	93 99	60 91
29 30	Skagit River			<mark>94</mark>		
	Skagit River	Cape Horn Rd	93 20	<mark>90</mark>	100	78
31	Drain Dist 20 Floodgate	Francis Rd	30	<mark>40</mark>	73	1
32	Samish River	Thomas Rd	90 26	<mark>88</mark>	94 5.4	83
33	Alice Bay Pump Station	Samish Island Rd	26	17	54	1
34	No Name Slough	Bayview-Edison Rd	41	<mark>29</mark>	77	1
35	Joe Leary Slough	D'Arcy Rd	11	8	22	1
36	Edison Slough	W. Bow Hill Rd	45	37	71	20
37	Edison Pump Station	Farm to Market Rd	8	10	20	1
38	N. Edison Pump Station	North Edison Rd	13	3	43	1
39	Colony Creek	Colony Rd	81	<mark>76</mark>	95	59
40	Big Indian Slough	Bayview-Edison Rd	19	12	39	1
41	Maddox Slough/Big Ditch	Milltown Rd	35	<mark>24</mark>	68	10
42	Hill Ditch	Cedardale Rd	79	<mark>74</mark>	93	56
43	Wiley Slough	Wylie Rd	19	12	39	1
44	Sullivan Slough	La Conner-Bayview Rd	21	12	48	1
45	Skagit River – North Fork	Moore Rd	89	<mark>85</mark>	99	72
46	Skagit River – South Fork	Fir Island Rd	93	<mark>91</mark>	98	85
47	Swinomish Channel	County Boat Launch	81	<mark>78</mark>	89	69
48	Fisher Creek	Franklin Rd	87	<mark>85</mark>	93	75

Table 10. 2014 Water Quality Index Results Water Quality Index (WQI) determinations for watercourses in the Skagit County Monitoring Program, 2014 Water Year

*Note: Overall score is the mean of the three lowest monthly scores (Hallock 2002) Color code: Lowest Concern (>80 Overall Score), Moderate Concern (40-80), Highest Concern (<40)

Year	Green (WQI \ge 80)	Yellow (WQI 40-79)	Red (WQI <40)
2006	3	15	22
2007	6	17	17
2008	10	13	17
2009	17	11	12
2010	13	19	8
2011	20	9	11
2012	13	16	11
2013	15	14	11
2014	16	13	11

Table 11. Number of sites in Water Quality Index (WQI) categories for Skagit County Monitoring Program Total number = 40 sites

Over the course of the Skagit County Monitoring Program, the number of sites in the Green (or "Lowest Concern" category has generally increased while the number of sites in the Red (or "Highest Concern" category decreased early in the study and has held steady the last few years. Streams and ditches in the Red category can have either one water quality parameter that is well below standards or several categories that are

Water quality during storm events remains problematical as the results from storm event monitoring in the Samish Basin associated with the Clean Samish Initiative continue to show excessive fecal coliform concentrations. More information on Samish water quality is included below.

Data Analysis

Summary statistics for all measured parameters at each sampling site can be found in Appendix B. These statistics can be used as a general indication of water quality conditions at each station. However, water quality conditions vary greatly at each station over time and the summary statistics should not be used as a sole indicator of water quality.

A primary goal of the Skagit County Monitoring Program is to detect trends in water quality over time. The purpose of the trends analysis is to provide indications of whether water quality in agricultural areas is improving, staying the same, or deteriorating. Once trends are detected, efforts could be undertaken to determine if the trends are caused by local activities or by regional conditions such as changes in climate. By comparing trends at stations inside and outside of the agricultural areas and by monitoring climate conditions, it should be possible to determine those conditions that seem to be caused by local circumstances.

One important statistical tool in trends monitoring is the Seasonal Kendall's Test. This test is designed to determine overall trends in water quality for parameters that vary seasonally, such as temperature and dissolved oxygen. The Seasonal Kendall's Test has been widely employed for similar purposes in Washington, Oregon, and throughout the country (e.g. Cude 2002, Ehinger 1993, Holdeman et al 2003). Most parameters measured in the Skagit County Monitoring

Program have seasonal variation, caused by our local climate which produces comparatively high water flows and low temperatures in the winter and spring, and lower flows with higher temperatures in the summer and early fall.

The Seasonal Kendall's Test was computed using WQStat Plus software (Intelligent Design Technologies, 1998). For most analyses, twelve seasons were designated, starting with the beginning of each month. This approach was recommended in the review of Skagit County's water quality monitoring program by the WRC. Exceptions are noted below. Observations below detection limits were replaced with one-half of the detection limit per the software user manual. The software was able to ignore missing data, so no accommodation for missing data was necessary.

Skagit County has completed trends analysis via the Seasonal Kendall's Test for 19 key parameters or calculated factors at each sampling location. The parameters tested include pH, dissolved oxygen, percent oxygen saturation, temperature, turbidity, fecal coliform, ammonia, nitrate+nitrite, total phosphorus, orthophosphate, total Kjeldahl nitrogen (TKN, an estimate of the total available nitrogen), total suspended solids, and water quality index. Temperature data from biweekly sampling visits were used for this analysis instead of continuous data collected during the summer months because the Seasonal Kendall's Test is not designed for summer-only data. Skagit County continues to examine methods for determining trends in the continuous temperature data. Since the temperature data from biweekly visits was collected at the same time of day for any individual station, the trends analysis should not be biased by differences caused by sampling time of day.

The period used for trends analysis was the 11 full years of Skagit County Monitoring Program data. This period was chosen to coincide with the implementation of the Critical Areas Ordinance for Areas of Ongoing Agriculture (Skagit County Ordinance O20030020).

Several sites have extended dry periods during most summers and/or are flooded during high water events and not sampled. The WQStat trends analysis program was unable to compute trends based on 12 seasons for those sites due to the lack of data for the dry or flooded periods. For those sites, trends were calculated based on four seasons, starting with January, April, July, and October. Trends in WQI were calculated based on four seasons for some additional sites due to lack of summer nutrient data.

Data used for the Seasonal Kendall's Test can be subject to "autocorrelation," where each successive data point is correlated with the previous point (Dave Hallock, Washington Department of Ecology). This situation usually occurs when samples are collected more frequently than monthly. For the Skagit County Monitoring Program, dissolved oxygen, temperature, and fecal coliform data are collected biweekly. Tests are available to detect autocorrelation but in some cases may be confounded by the very seasonality we are trying to accommodate (Dave Hallock, Washington Department of Ecology). Our approach for these parameters has been to conduct the analysis using all data, and repeat the analysis using monthly averages to avoid autocorrelation (Mike Barber, Washington State Water Research Center). There were very few differences between these two calculations. In the cases where there are differences, it would probably be prudent to use the monthly averages.

A summary of Seasonal Kendall's Test results for those parameters showing a significant trend is provided in Table 12. Complete trends analysis results can be found in Appendix C.

Site	Parameter	Ν	Slope	Z	Improving Trends	Deleterious Trends
3	DO	280	0.149	5.045	Increasing DO	
	DO % sat	281	1.319	5.381	Increasing DO % sat	
	MDO	141	0.152	3.561	Increasing DO	
	MDO % sat	142	1.351	3.465	Increasing DO % sat	
	Fecal col	281	-1.736	-2.734	Decreasing FC	
	MFC	140	-3.358	-2.491	Decreasing FC	
	Turb	259	0.603	4.897		Increasing turbidity
	MTurb	135	0.675	3.138		Increasing turbidity
	OP	87	0.003	3.008		Increasing orthophos
4	pH	272	-0.029	-5.704		
	MpH	142	-0.028	-4.157		
	DO	283	0.031	2.078	Increasing DO	
	DO % sat	284	0.181	2.594	Increasing DO % sat	
	MDO	143	0.04	2.16	Increasing DO	
	MDO % sat	143	0.183	2.456	Increasing DO % sat	
	FC	283	-21.14	-6.349	Decreasing fecal coliform	
	MFC	141	-37.72	-5.766	Decreasing fecal coliform	
	NO3+NO2	89	-0.018	-2.416	Decreasing nitrate/nitrite	
	Turb	262	-0.386	-3.151	Decreasing turbidity	
	MTurb	136	-0.491	-2.856	Decreasing turbidity	
	TSS	89	-0.258	-2.363	Decreasing suspended solids	
6	pH	270	-0.027	-4.819		
	MpH	142	-0.025	-4.083		
	NO3+NO2	89	-0.013	-2.638	Decreasing nitrate/nitrite	
8	pH	272	-0.023	-4.147		
	MpH	142	-0.021	-2.95		
	DO	283	-0.051	-2.612		Decreasing oxygen
	MDO	143	-0.053	-2.084		Decreasing oxygen
	DO % sat	284	-0.441	-4.878		Decreasing oxygen
	MDO % sat	143	-0.431	-3.618		Decreasing oxygen
	FC	284	-2.959	-4.237	Decreasing fecal coliform	
	MFC	143	-6.518	-3.586	Decreasing fecal coliform	
	OP	89	0.001	2.611		Increasing phosphate

Table 12. Trends Analysis ResultsSummary of Significant Trends Detected in Skagit County Monitoring Program2004-2014 Water Years

Table 12 (c	ont.)
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Table 12 (cont.)	Dama (NT	C1	7		Dalatari T 1
Site	Parameter	N	Slope	Z	Improving Trends	Deleterious Trends
11	Turb	263	-0.048	-2.116	Decreasing turbidity	
	MTurb	135	-0.068	-2.196	Decreasing turbidity	
	FC	285	-0.25	-3.42	Decreasing fecal coliform	
	MFC	141	-0.789	-2.77	Decreasing fecal coliform	
12	pH	254	0.02	3.422		
	NO3+NO2	85	-0.017	-2.302	Decreasing nitrate/nitrite	
	WQI	82	-0.993	-2.697		Decreasing WQI
13					(No significant trends)	
14	pH	270	-0.022	-5.517		
	MpH	141	-0.021	-4.221		
	Turb	264	-0.158	-4.131	Decreasing turbidity	
	MTurb	136	-0.207	-3.759	Decreasing turbidity	
	FC	284	-2.071	-2.118	Decreasing fecal coliform	
	NO3+NO2	88	-0.01	-2.475	Decreasing nitrate/nitrite	
	WQI	85	-1.738	-3.764		Decreasing WQI
15	pН	272	0.022	3.498		
	MpH	141	0.022	2.869		
	DO	282	0.078	2.882	Increasing oxygen	
	DO % sat	283	0.628	3.398	Increasing oxygen	
	MFC	143	4.539	3.202	Decreasing fecal coliform	
	TP	89	0.001	4.382		Increasing phosphorus
	OP	89	0.003	4.075		Increasing phosphate
	WQI	85	-2.125	-4.121		Decreasing WQI
16	DO % sat	284	-0.232	-2.605		Decreasing oxygen
	MDO % sat	143	-0.255	-2.291		Decreasing oxygen
	Turb	265	0.048	2.309		Increasing turbidity
	FC	283	-0.202	-2.021	Decreasing fecal coliform	
17	Turb	265	0.083	4.339		Increasing turbidity
	MTurb	136	0.07	2.697		Increasing turbidity
	TKN	89	0.01	2.368		Increasing nitrogen
	WQI	86	-0.353	-3.065		Decreasing WQI
18	pН	272	0.012	1.978		
	MDO	143	-0.045	-2.194		Decreasing oxygen
	DO % sat	284	-0.326	-3.822		Decreasing oxygen
	MDO % sat	143	-0.336	-3.412		Decreasing oxygen
	OP	89	0.001	2.564		Increasing orthophos
	WQI	86	-0.339	-3.004		Decreasing WQI

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	D ·	N	01	7	I ' T I	
Site	Parameter	N	Slope	Z	Improving Trends	Deleterious Trends
19	pН	271	-0.02	-3.043		
	MpH	43	-0.017	-2.25		.
	DO	282	-0.043	-2.456		Decreasing oxygen
	DO % sat	283	-0.352	-4.348		Decreasing oxygen
	MDO % sat	144	-0.356	-3.6		Decreasing oxygen
	Turb	259	0.13	3.179		Increasing turbidity
	WQI	84	-0.512	-2.536		Decreasing WQI
20	pH	271	-0.023	-3.747		
	MpH	143	-0.021	-2.457		
	DO % sat	284	-0.141	-2.204		Decreasing oxygen
	OP	89	0.001	2.119		Increasing orthophos
21	pH	242	-0.02	-3.035		
	DO % sat	252	-0.173	-2.561		Decreasing oxygen
	MDO % sat	136	-0.2	-2.232		Decreasing oxygen
	FC	251	-2.319	-3.037	Decreasing fecal coliform	
	MFC	135	-4.919	-2.476	Decreasing fecal coliform	
22	pН	274	-0.058	-6.683		
	MpH	140	-0.057	-5.24		
	DO	283	-0.043	-2.794		Decreasing oxygen
	DO % sat	284	-0.338	-5.654		Decreasing oxygen
	MDO % sat	143	-0.344	-4.576		Decreasing oxygen
23	pН	249	-0.042	-5.875		
	MpH	135	-0.042	-3.923		
	DO % sat	261	-0.204	-3.348		Decreasing oxygen
	MDO %	138	-0.214	-2.943		Decreasing oxygen
	sat NO3+NO2	84	-0.047	-4.992	Decreasing nitrate	
24	pН	276	-0.012	-2.09		
	DO	285	-0.086	-3.601		Decreasing oxygen
	MDO	143	-0.084	-2.786		Decreasing oxygen
	DO % sat	286	-0.644	-3.772		Decreasing oxygen
	MDO %	143	-0.629	-2.999		Decreasing oxygen
	sat Turb	263	0.05	3.16		Increasing turbidity
	MTurb	136	0.053	2.382		Increasing turbidity
	FC	282	-0.985	-4.43	Decreasing fecal coliform	mercasing turbidity
27	MFC	142	-1.079	-3.255	Decreasing fecal coliform	
25	pН	229	-0.043	-4.717		
	MpH	125	-0.042	-3.995		
	DO % sat	238	-0.211	-2.654		Decreasing oxygen
	Turb	218	0.003	2.481		Increasing turbidity

Table 12 (cont.)

Site	Parameter	Ν	Slope	Ζ	Improving Trends	Deleterious Trends
28	pН	206	-0.023	-2.332		
	OP	68	0.002	2.068		Increasing orthophos
	WQI	68	-0.652	-3.067		Decreasing WQI
29	DO % sat	256	-0.223	-2.747		Decreasing oxygen
	Temp	261	-0.099	-2.356	Decreasing temperature	
	Turb	240	-0.317	-3.805	Decreasing turbidity	
	MTurb	123	-0.342	-2.825	Decreasing turbidity	
30	pН	274	-0.027	-4.142		
	MpH	142	-0.023	-2.873		
	DO % sat	285	-0.26	-4.083		Decreasing oxygen
	Turb	263	-0.289	-4.471	Decreasing turbidity	
	MTurb	135	-0.424	-3.649	Decreasing turbidity	
31	pН	162	-0.048	-3.44		
	MpH	106	-0.055	-3.845		
	DO % sat	165	-1.211	-2.252		Decreasing oxygen
	MDO % sat	109	-1.391	-2.198		Decreasing oxygen
	Turb	154	-0.378	-2.283	Decreasing turbidity	
	MTurb	100	-0.557	-2.21	Decreasing turbidity	
	FC	166	-2.595	-3.789	Decreasing fecal coliforn	n
	MFC	107	-4.005	-3.727	Decreasing fecal coliforn	n
	NH3	53	-0.008	-3.425	Decreasing ammonia	
32	pН	268	0.02	3.143		
	MpH	143	0.026	2.955		
	FC	287	-0.493	-2.483	Decreasing fecal coliform	
	MFC	141	-2.502	-2.379	Decreasing fecal coliform	
	NH3	86	-0.003	-2.68	Decreasing ammonia	
33	DO	268	-0.129	-2.351	Ι	Decreasing oxygen
	OP	87	0.022	2.871	I	ncreasing orthophos
34	pН	269	-0.03	-3.657		
	MpH	141	-0.026	-2.789		
	TP	88	0.006	2.542	Ι	ncreasing phosphate
	OP	88	0.007	2.493	I	ncreasing orthophos
	NH3	88	-0.018	-4.532	Decreasing ammonia	
35	pН	258	0.043	6.76		
	MpH	137	0.042	5.272		
	MTemp	138	-0.114	-2.044	Decreasing temperature	
36	TP	88	0.003	2.239		ncreasing phosphate
	OP	88	0.005	2.447		ncreasing orthophos
	NH3	88	-0.009	-2.362	Decreasing ammonia	o r

Table 12 (c	ont.)
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Site	Parameter	Ν	Slope	Z	Improving Trends	Deleterious Trends
37	TKN	88	0.103	3.877		Increasing nitrogen
	TP	88	0.015	2.143		Increasing phosphate
	OP	88	0.019	2.868		Increasing orthophos
38	FC	281	4.074	2.349		Increasing fecal coliform
	MFC	142	6.854	2.028		Increasing fecal coliform
	OP	88	0.031	3.857		Increasing orthophos
39	pH	269	-0.018	-3.522		
	MpH	142	-0.018	-2.404		
	MFC	143	-3.799	-2.412	Decreasing fecal coliform	
	OP	88	0.003	3.141		Increasing orthophos
40	pН	269	-0.01	-2.065		
	Temp	283	-0.089	-2.166	Decreasing temp	
	TP	88	0.003	3.511		Increasing phosphate
41	Turb	266	0.422	4.926		Increasing turbidity
	MTurb	135	0.325	2.979		Increasing turbidity
	FC	285	2.63	3.155		Increasing fecal coliform
	MFC	142	3.708	2.807		Increasing fecal coliform
	TP	89	0.004	3.898		Increasing phosphate
	OP	89	0.003	2.703		Increasing orthophos
42	pH	271	0.015	2.945		
	МрН	138	0.016	2.532		
	DO	282	0.242	7.75	Increasing oxygen	
	MDO	140	0.238	5.933	Increasing oxygen	
	DO % sat	283	1.864	8.803	Increasing oxygen	
	MDO % sat	142	1.706	6.85	Increasing oxygen	
	Turb	264	0.136	4.91		Increasing turbidity
	MTurb	134	0.114	2.72		Increasing turbidity
	FC	280	3.147	4.676		Increasing fecal coliform
	MFC	141	3.977	3.688		Increasing fecal coliform
	NO3+NO2	89	0.019	2.5		Increasing nitrate
43	pН	262	0.012	2.317		
	Turb	259	0.271	2.67		Increasing turbidity
	TKN	86	0.042	2.143		Increasing nitrogen
	TP	86	0.007	2.338		Increasing phosphate
	OP	86	0.011	2.285		Increasing orthophos

Table 12 (c	ont.)
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Site	Parameter	Ν	Slope	Z	Improving Trends	Deleterious Trends
44	pH	230	-0.027	-3.838		
	MpH	120	-0.025	-2.678		
	DO	238	-0.153	-3.062		Decreasing oxygen
	MDO	120	-0.144	-2.706		Decreasing oxygen
	DO % sat	241	-1.667	-3.334		Decreasing oxygen
	MDO % sat	122	-1.472	-2.516		Decreasing oxygen
	Turb	223	0.48	2.116		Increasing turbidity
	TP	68	0.009	2.834		Increasing phosphate
	WQI	82	-2.667	-2.885		Decreasing WQI
45	pH	258	0.043	4.655		
	MpH	139	0.033	2.702		
	MDO % sat	141	-0.167	-2.507		Decreasing oxygen
	Temp	272	-0.099	-2.437	Decreasing temperature	
	Turb	252	-0.408	-4.986	Decreasing turbidity	
	MTurb	132	-0.416	-3.421	Decreasing turbidity	
	NO3+NO2	84	0.003	2.836		Increasing nitrate
	TSS	84	0.521	-2.049	Decreasing suspended solids	
46	DO % sat	240	-0.226	-2.908		Decreasing oxygen
	Temp	242	-0.109	-2.37	Decreasing temperature	
	MTemp	128	-0.106	-2.008	Decreasing temperature	
	Turb	230	-0.433	-4.16	Decreasing turbidity	
	MTurb	122	-0.436	-2.956	Decreasing turbidity	
	NO3+NO2	82	0.004	2.861		Increasing nitrate
47	pH	272	-0.037	-7.854		
	MpH	141	-0.038	-6.226		
	Turb	265	-0.100	-2.237	Decreasing turbidity	
	MFC	142	0.246	2.325		Increasing fecal coliform
	NO3+NO2	89	0.008	2.660		Increasing nitrate
	ТР	89	0.002	4.952		Increasing phosphate
	OP	89	0.005	5.448		Increasing orthophos
	WQI	74	-0.668	-2.860		Decreasing WQI
48	pH	272	-0.011	-2.289		
	NH3	89	-0.004	-4.024	Decreasing ammonia	
	WQI	84	-0.612	-2.249		Decreasing WQI

Notes: N = Number of data points
 Slope = Magnitude and direction of trend in original units per year
 Z = Calculated Kendall's statistic, Z > 1.960 or < -1.960 means statistically significant trend at 95% confidence level
 M = Monthly, e.g. MDO represents the Kendall's statistic calculated on monthly means instead of individual biweekly data, in order to control for autocorrelation

Trends analysis results and discussion

Trends were calculated for 19 measured or calculated parameters (such as monthly averages) at each site, for a total of 760 tests. Of those, 217 tests showed a statistically significant trend at the 95% confidence level. Trends judged as improving (e.g. increased dissolved oxygen, reduced temperature) made up 69 of the significant trends. Deleterious trends (e.g. reduced dissolved oxygen, increased nutrients) accounted for 99 of the significant trends. The remaining 49 trends were increasing or decreasing pH or monthly pH. There were also nutrient trends where the slope was zero that are not included in this count. A value judgment was not made for those trends as their implications are not clear at this point.

Because the overall list of significant trends included many redundant items (e.g. biweekly dissolved oxygen and monthly average dissolved oxygen), an abbreviated list, using only the unique trends involving the monthly averages (for pH, dissolved oxygen, temperature, and turbidity) plus the nutrient data and total suspended solids which were already monthly or quarterly, was also looked at for summary statistics. We eliminated any significant pH trends, and nutrient trends with a slope of zero. This data set included 9 parameters at 40 sites for a total of 360 analyses. In this truncated data set, there were 103 significant trends, with 37 trends identified as representing improved conditions and 66 identified as deleterious. The proportion of deleterious trends was about the same in ag and non-ag sites.

Last year's report indicated 32 improving and 63 declining trends for this data set. It is important to remember that these statistics are calculated over the life of the study, so while the 2014 water year may account for the differences between current and past results, the calculated trends are representative of the entire study from October 2003 to September 2014.

At the end of the 2012 water year, twenty-two of the 40 stations showed a significant declining trend in monthly mean water temperature over the life of the study. By the end of the 2014 water year, only two stations showed a significant declining trend in monthly mean water temperature. For those two stations, this would represent an improvement in salmonid rearing conditions. No site showed a significant increase in monthly mean temperature.

Three of the 40 sites showed a significant increasing trend in mean monthly dissolved oxygen over the life of the study through 2014, on less than last year. The same three sites showed a significant increasing trend in monthly oxygen percent saturation, which takes temperature into account. This indicates that dissolved oxygen improved at those sites independent of any temperature reduction. There were four stations with a declining trend in dissolved oxygen, and 11 sites showed declining percent saturation, and increase from seven sites at the end of 2013.

Ten sites showed a significantly decreasing trend in monthly fecal coliform, including six sites in the Samish basin, while three sites had significantly increasing fecal coliform. Both of these counts are increases from last year. One of the sites with increasing fecal coliform was in the Samish Basin.

No sites showed a significant increasing trend in Water Quality Index (WQI), down from one site last year. Nine other sites showed a decreasing trend in WQI, one more than last year. This is an indicator that overall water quality could be declining.

Many of the deleterious trends were increases in nutrient values. Increased nutrients can lead to excessive blooms of algae, which can upset food webs and lead to dissolved oxygen depletion. In extreme cases, ammonia levels can be high enough to produce direct toxicity. Ammonia toxicity is tied to pH and temperature, so the toxicity of a particular reading must be assessed individually. A spot check of Skagit County ammonia data indicates that observed levels in the drainage infrastructure may occasionally approach chronically toxic levels. There were also many cases where a statistically significant trend in nutrient values was found, but the calculated slope for the nutrient was zero. This is seen as a statistical anomaly based on the number of "ties" in the data, in our case samples that had no detectable nutrients (Younos, 2001). These cases were not included in the tabulation of improving or deleterious trends.

Many of the nutrient trends were increasing orthophosphate. These observations were widespread and included both areas with human activities, locations with less human influence, and even Swinomish Channel. Due to the widespread nature of these trends, both within and external to the agricultural areas, Skagit County will be examining the data set and lab activities to determine if changes in lab procedures may explain these orthophosphate trends.

Trend statistics are tools to help us understand changing conditions in our watercourses, but do not completely describe the condition of a watercourse. Many of the sites with no significant trends or improving trends in water quality parameters still do not meet state water quality standards, and therefore still qualify as areas of concern. Many Skagit County sites remain on Ecology's Impaired Waters list. As previously discussed, high fecal coliform levels in the Samish Bay watershed have led to closures of shellfish beds and loss of revenue for shellfish growers. Dissolved oxygen and temperature conditions are still substandard in many watercourses, resulting in less than ideal rearing conditions for salmonids and other aquatic life.

Data Quality

This section details the steps taken to ensure high quality data in the Skagit County Monitoring Program, and the results of quality control checks.

Sampling Plan (Quality Assurance Project Plan, or QAPP)

The Skagit County Monitoring Program operates under a QAPP approved by Ecology in 2003. This plan details sampling strategies, equipment to be used, and all other aspects of the sampling program, and Ecology approval was required in order for Skagit County to access grant funds. The plan forms the basis for all sampling activities. The plan may be viewed at www.skagitcounty.net/scmp.

Quality Control Measures

Field meter calibration - Field meters are calibrated according to manufacturer's recommendations, or more often as needed.

The turbidity meter (Lamotte 2020we) is calibrated the afternoon before or the morning of each sampling trip, and the reading before calibration is recorded. For 45 recorded calibrations during this period, the average deviation from the calibration standard was 1.2%. This reflects meter drift between the calibration the afternoon before the sampling trip and the next calibration a week later. It is likely that meter drift during the sampling day is substantially less than 1.2%.

The pH meter (Milwaukee Electric MW 102) is calibrated on the morning of each sampling trip, then left on throughout the sampling trip. The pH meter is recalibrated during the trip if questionable results were obtained. The meter rarely deviated more than 0.02 pH units from the calibration standard.

The dissolved oxygen/temperature/conductivity meter (YSI 85) is calibrated for dissolved oxygen using the built-in calibration chamber (water-saturated air). The meter is recalibrated to local elevation at each sample site. For several weeks during the 2005 water year, Skagit County recorded the meter deviation from the calibration target for those occasions when the deviation exceeded 1%. During that period, meter deviation exceeded that value 89 times out of 180 sample sites (49%). Average deviation for those 89 calibrations was 2.6%. Since the meter was recalibrated at each sample site, the actual meter drift before use was something less than 1%.

The dissolved oxygen meter probe is deployed in areas with sufficient current (> 1 fps) to produce reliable results, or the probe is stirred to produce adequate velocity across the membrane. Samples for pH and turbidity are obtained from the thalweg of the stream with sample containers rinsed at least twice with sample water, and are analyzed immediately.

Lab Samples

Laboratory samples are collected using clean equipment and proper procedures. Samples for nutrient and suspended solids analysis are collected with a sampling wand from the thalweg of the watercourse, and care is taken to prevent oversampling of the surface film or disturbing the bottom. The sampling container is rinsed twice with the water to be sampled. The sample is then obtained and poured into the bottles provided by the contract lab, Edge Analytical of Burlington, WA, an Ecology-certified laboratory. Samples are capped and placed in a cooler with water ice until they are picked up by the lab on the same day.

Samples for fecal coliform are collected directly into sterile fecal coliform bottles and transported under ice to the laboratory within eight hours of collection.

Quality Control Review

Data from field sheets and lab reports is entered into the Skagit County Water Quality Database. Once all the data for a given date is entered, a printout from the database is produced and compared to the original field and lab data sheets. Any data entry errors are then corrected in the database.

Personnel

The Project Manager has over 30 years of experience monitoring water quality in the freshwater environment. The Project Manager is present on over 80% of the sampling trips and personally trained all other personnel involved.

Duplicate Analysis

Because water quality is constantly changing in streams, duplicate analysis is not attempted for parameters determined in the field – dissolved oxygen, temperature, conductivity, salinity, and turbidity. Instead, we rely on maintenance and calibration of the field meters according to manufacturer's recommendations and experienced field staff to produce reliable field data.

Duplicate samples are collected for fecal coliform at a 20% rate and for two selected nutrients at a 10% rate. Selected nutrient duplicates (total phosphorus, orthophosphate, nitrate, and/or ammonia) are intended to provide a precision estimate for all the nutrient analyses.

Table 13 summarizes the results of the duplicate analyses for the 2014 water year. Variability in fecal coliform, nitrate, and total phosphate were above target levels. The fecal coliform data showed particularly high variability. Overall, these results are comparable to what was found in the first ten years of the Skagit County Monitoring Program and in Skagit County's previous work in the Baseline and Samish Bay Tributaries studies.

The high variability of the fecal coliform results is at least partially due to the use of the Most Probable Number (MPN) analysis technique (Don Lennartson, Washington State Department of Health (retired), personal communication). This method was chosen for the Skagit County Monitoring Program because the Skagit County Health Department laboratory was certified for the method, and because it is reportedly more reliable for samples with high turbidity, which are often encountered in the Skagit County Monitoring Program (Michaud 1991). We continued using MPN when we switched to Edge Analytical in 2009 to maintain data comparability. Fecal coliform variability in the Skagit County Monitoring Program, although higher than the initial target level, is similar to that seen in other studies in Washington (Paul Pickett, Washington State Department of Ecology, personal communication). The reasons for the higher nutrient variability are unknown at this point.

Table 13.2014 Data Quality ResultsCoefficients of Variation for parameter with duplicates in the
Skagit County Monitoring Program, 2014 Water Year

	Coefficient of Variation (CV)				
Parameter	Ν	2013 Results	Target CV $(\%)^1$		
Fecal Coliform	101	45	33		
Total Phosphorus	8	20.6	10 ²		
Nitrate	8	10.9	10 ²		

¹ Target precision as listed in QAPP

² 10% CV target was listed for all nutrients

Data Quality Summary

The Skagit County Monitoring Program produces reliable data that is suitable for inclusion in Ecology's Environmental Information Management system. Data is collected according to an Ecology-approved Quality Assurance Project Plan. Field parameters are analyzed using calibrated meters and consistent sampling methods. Laboratory samples are handled correctly and analyzed in Ecology-certified laboratories. The database is rechecked for data entry errors. Experienced personnel are involved with every aspect of data collection and analysis. The information collected in the Skagit County Monitoring Program should be considered high quality data.

Skagit County Water Quality Monitoring for the Clean Samish Initiative

Overview

The Clean Samish Initiative was established by Ecology in the fall of 2008 to foster cooperation between local, state, and federal agencies, non-governmental groups, and citizens to address fecal coliform pollution in the Samish Bay Watershed. Excess fecal coliform pollution in the Samish River and other bay tributaries has resulted in numerous closures of the commercial shellfish beds in Samish Bay. The Clean Samish Initiative participants (over 20 organizations) developed a work plan that included education and outreach, detailed water quality sampling to locate pollution sources, referrals of landowners to resource agencies for pollution abatement, and enforcement of water quality and land use regulations if necessary. Skagit County applied for and received EPA funding in 2010 to conduct a Pollution Identification and Correction (PIC) project in the Samish Basin, incorporating Clean Samish work plan elements into a program designed to locate and eliminate fecal coliform pollution in the Samish Basin.

The Clean Samish Initiative grew out of Ecology's TMDL activities in the Samish Basin. Ecology sampling demonstrated that the Samish River was the largest source of fecal coliform bacteria to Samish Bay. While some of the independent Samish Bay tributaries (e.g. Edison Slough and Colony Creek) and agricultural drainages also contribute bacterial pollution to Samish Bay, the comparatively high discharge rate of the river combined with occasional high coliform counts meant that the river was and continues to be the most important pollution source for Samish Bay.

<u>Activities</u>

Numerous PIC water quality sampling, education, and outreach activities continued during the 2014 water year, and will be summarized in a separate Clean Samish Initiative report. In addition, County staff, in cooperation with the Department of Ecology, have conducted site visits in areas where water quality sampling results indicate pollution sources are present. These visits form the core of the PIC program and are summarized in the separate quarterly Clean Samish reports. Samish sampling results are also available on the County web site at this address: http://www.skagitcounty.net/Departments/PublicWorksCleanWater/samplearchive.htm

Annual Report Summary

The Skagit County Monitoring Program completed the eleventh water year of sampling in September 2014. Standard water quality parameters were collected biweekly at 40 sites in watercourses in both agricultural and non-agricultural areas. Results indicated that many watercourses did not meet state water quality standards for one or more parameters. Trend analysis revealed a pattern of both improving and deteriorating trends, with more deleterious trends evident this year. Skagit County has taken a leading role in addressing water quality problems in the area through the Clean Samish Initiative.

The program was substantially funded through the 2008 water year by a Centennial Clean Water Grant from the Washington State Department of Ecology. Currently, all project funding comes from Skagit County's Clean Water Program.



Figure 3. Chinook salmon in the Samish River

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